



BLETSOE NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN

Strategic Environmental Assessment Report

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Environmental Assessment and the Environmental Assessment of Plans &
Programmes Regulations 2004 to accompany the publication of the Submission
version of the Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan.**

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CONTENTS

NON TECHNICAL SUMMARY	page 2
1 INTRODUCTION	page 7
2 STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT EXPLAINED	page 9
3 NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN POLICIES AND OTHER PROGRAMMES	page 13
4 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTER	page 16
5 ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVES	page 20
6 ASSESSMENT OF NEIGHBOURHOOD OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES	page 22
7 ASSESSMENT OF REASONABLE ALTERNATIVES	page 27
8 SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT	page 31
9 MONITORING	page 31

Maps

Map A	Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Area	page 6
Map B	Bletsoe Settlement Policy Area	page 32
Map C	Call for Sites Map	page 33
Map D	Bletsoe footpaths	page 34

Appendices

- A Screening Opinion
- B Scoping Request
- C Scoping Responses

NON TECHNICAL SUMMARY

- 1 The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of any significant environmental effects resulting from the policies and proposals in the draft version of Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan (BNP). The Neighbourhood Plan will contain a number of policies for the use and development of land within the Parish of Bletsoe to 2035. These policies together with the adopted policies of the Development Plan for Bedford Borough Council (BBC) will form part of the Development Plan on which planning decisions will be made. The Development Plan for BBC is currently made up of the following documents:
 - Saved Local Plan 2002 policies;
 - Saved Minerals and Waste Local Plan 2005 policies;
 - The Core Strategy and Rural Issues Plan 2008 (CSRIP);
 - Bedford Town Centre Area Action Plan 2008;
 - The Allocations and Designations Local Plan 2013 (ADLP);
 - The Minerals and Waste Local Plan: Strategic Sites and Policies (2014).
- 2 A draft neighbourhood plan must be in general conformity with the strategic policies of the development plan in force if it is to meet the basic conditions. A draft neighbourhood plan is not tested against the policies in an emerging Local Plan however the reasoning and evidence that informs the Local Plan process is likely to be relevant to the basic conditions against which a neighbourhood plan is tested.
- 3 The basic conditions are set out in paragraph 8 (2) of Schedule 4B to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and applied to neighbourhood plans by section 38A of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.
- 4 BBC have commenced preparation of a new Local Plan (BBLP), therefore some of the current adopted Development Plan documents will eventually be superseded by the new local plan once adoption has taken place. The BBLP Draft Plan for Submission was published for consultation between 22 January and 29 March 2018 however issues were raised regarding the deliverability of key allocation for a new settlement at Colworth Park to the north of the Borough. On 16 May 2018, the Borough Council's Executive agreed that Officers should carry out additional work on the evidence base to support an amended Plan for Submission, which the Council intends to publish for a second Regulation 19 consultation in September

2018. The revised BBLP Draft Plan for Submission deleted the allocation at Colworth Park and reduced the time of the plan period to take account of the homes that could not be delivered through the new settlement. The BBLP 2030 Plan for Submission was submitted for examination on 14th December 2018.

5 The new Local Plan will set the spatial and growth strategy for the Borough to 2030 and contains strategic and development management policies that will replace those in the current development plan documents. Once adopted BNP will need to be reviewed to ensure it remains broadly in compliance with adopted policy, national policy and guidance in accordance with current legislation and guidelines at the time. Ultimately the timing of this will depend on whether BNP is at examination stage before the BBLP is adopted.

6 The vision for the BNP to 2035 is:

Bletsoe will remain a peaceful rural village that seeks to meet the housing, economic and infrastructure needs of its residents. Any future development must therefore be sensitive and must respect the character of the village that makes it so special.

7 In pursuit of this vision, the following BNP objectives are proposed:

- To deliver housing which both sustains the current and meets the future needs of the community;
- To protect and enhance existing and future open spaces;
- To manage both existing and future traffic and transport provision and encourage safe and sustainable movement;
- To ensure the Village benefits from sufficient facilities and services;
- To protect and enhance all listed buildings and the Scheduled Monument within the Parish.

8 Eight policies are proposed in BNP. These include policies for the allocation of two sites to allow for small scale new development, through to relevant development management issues appropriate to the Parish of Bletsoe. The Parish Council has prepared a number of separate consultation documents which have informed the choice of policies and site allocations. These reports are published as part of the evidence base for BNP.

9 The main environmental issue relevant to BNP is how small scale growth can be managed within the village without harming its quaint rural character, historic environment and the sensitivity of the surrounding countryside. The Draft BBLP

does not indicate any proposals for the expansion of Bletsoe through new allocations but its spatial strategy instead relies on rural villages bringing forward growth through neighbourhood planning. Growth is, however, planned for the larger northern areas of Bedford Borough, therefore the A6 will become much busier meaning Bletsoe will likely be used as a short cut route to the outlying villages. The Parish Council itself can do nothing to prevent this, but can ensure there is local policy in place so as not to make matters considerably worse.

10 To enable environmental assessment of the performance of the Neighbourhood Plan, the following framework for the assessment has been adopted. The proposed framework has been consulted upon with the Statutory Consultees as part of the SEA Scoping Request where it was concluded the main effect of BNP is the potential impact on heritage assets as confirmed by Historic England in an email dated 13 March 2018. The consultees made no adverse comments on the selection of the proposed SEA objectives nor did they suggest a wider scope. The SEA objectives are therefore as follows:

- Objective 1: Housing
- Objective 2: Landscape and Biodiversity
- Objective 3: Historic Environment

11 The local community is keen to plan for small scale growth providing it prevents potential harm to the historic and rural character of the village. The objective of minimising any adverse effects of small scale growth in the village will also result in some positive effects, however in general the BNP policies area assessed as having a neutral environmental impact with a small number of positive effects and the potential for a small number of negative effects.

12 In terms of positive effects, the emerging policies are designed to protect the rural and historic character of the village. Policy BNP1 sets the general principles of sustainable development. Policies BNP 2 and 3 each refer to individual site allocations all of which are located outside of the existing Settlement Policy Area and Conservation Area boundaries. The policies consider the character and scale of each proposed site allocation and establish appropriate scale and design principles considered relevant to the site. Policy BNP4 addresses village character, the Conservation Area and its setting, by establishing Village Design Criteria for all forms of new development. Policy BNP7 complements existing national and local policy by acknowledging the contribution made to the character of the village from the existing open spaces. Infrastructure policies BNP5, 6 and 8 are all intended to

protect the village from harmful development while also assisting in ensuring existing facilities are retained and upgraded where possible.

- 13 Bletsoe residents raised a number of issues and concerns in the initial consultation stages. Some of these concerns are not directly related to land use matters (although they may indirectly relate to the use of land). As such, they are not matters that can be addressed through a planning policy in BNP. They are however important matters and it is essential the issues identified as Non-policy actions are taken forward by the Parish Council.
- 14 The proposed policies are assessed as having some positive effects as they seek to prevent development that is out of scale and keeping with the character of the setting of the village. More importantly the site allocation policies make provision for a small number of new homes appropriate to the scale and identified housing need of the Parish and seek to establish design principles relevant to the characteristics of each particular site. The creation of Non-Policy actions will have positive effects as they seek to ensure the Parish Council continues to work with residents and other relevant bodies to realise the aspirations of the community, wherever possible.
- 15 The SEA is required to identify and assess any reasonable alternatives to the proposed policies. In respect of the proposed site allocations, alternative sites in various locations around the village have been assessed in Site Assessments Report, however the proposed allocations were assessed as most suitable for allocation. The outcome of the community consultation has ultimately driven the final choice of sites considered acceptable for allocation in BNP.
- 16 Overall the effects of BNP are generally assessed as neutral and positive and occasionally negative. A combination of the proposed mitigation measures of the policies and the use of national policy and BBC development plan policies to determine planning applications should effectively mitigate the negative impacts.
- 17 In addition, the scale and location of the proposed site allocations are such that there should be little or no cumulative harmful impacts on the objectives or the policies contained in any emerging neighbourhood plans in the adjoining Parishes.
- 18 The Parish Council are committed to monitoring the implementation of the Neighbourhood Plan through the collection of data on a bi-annual basis to report on the neighbourhood plan progress. A periodic review of BNP will be undertaken by the Parish Council in accordance with current legislation and guidelines at the time

to ensure it remains up to date and broadly in compliance with national policy and locally adopted development plans.

- 19 As part of BNP evidence based a Habitats Regulations Assessment Screening Report has been undertaken and concluded there are no likely significant effects on any of the conservation objectives of any European sites from the policies within BNP. The HRA can be found in the evidence base documents at www.bletsoe.net

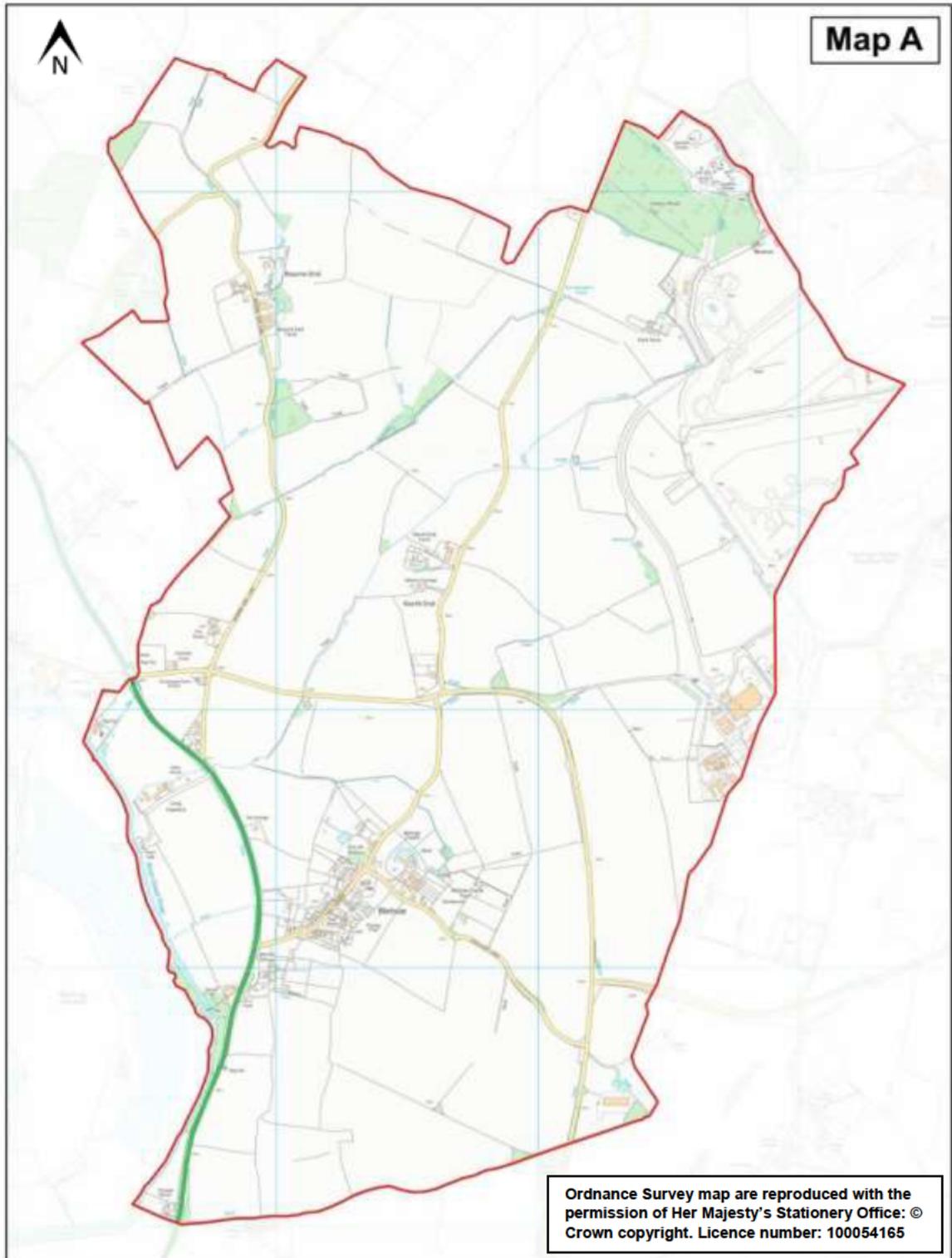
1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of any significant environmental effects resulting from the policies and proposals of the emerging Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan (BNP), in accordance with Environmental Assessment of Plans or Programmes Regulations 2004. Map A on the following page shows the Neighbourhood Plan Area, which was designated by the local planning authority, Bedford Borough Council on 1 July 2013.

- 1.2 Bedford Borough Council (BBC) published its Screening Opinion on 4 July 2017, and set out the requirement for a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) of the emerging Plan under the Environmental Assessment of Plans & Programmes Regulations 2004 (see Appendix A). On review of the Screening Opinion, the Parish Council then prepared a Scoping Request and consulted with the statutory consultees to agree the scope of the SEA (see Appendix B). The scope of the SEA has been narrowed down to three main objectives which are Housing; Landscape and Biodiversity and Historic Environment. The SEA Environmental Report (ER) will be published alongside the Neighbourhood Plan for consultation purposes.

- 1.3 The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared by Bletsoe Parish Council and the community under the guidance of the Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Steering Group (BNPSG) in accordance with the Town & Country Planning Act 1990, the Planning & Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, the Localism Act 2011 and the Neighbourhood Planning Regulations 2015 (as amended).

Map A Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Area



Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Area

2 STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT EXPLAINED

- 2.1 A Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is a mechanism for considering and evaluating the likely environmental impacts of a plan, programme or strategy on the environment and should help to inform policy choices with a view to avoiding or mitigating adverse impacts and maximising the positives. It is a process that must be undertaken in line with the procedures set out by the European Directive 2001/42/EC, which was adopted into UK law as the Environmental Assessment of Plans or Programmes Regulations 2004 (the Regulations).
- 2.2 There are five important stages to SEA preparation which are;
- Stage A: setting the context and establishing the baseline
 - Stage B: deciding the scope of SEA and developing policy alternatives
 - Stage C: assessing the effects of the plan
 - Stage D: consultation on the draft plan and environmental report
 - Stage E: monitoring the implementation of the plan.
- 2.3 In terms of neighbourhood planning, to meet the requirements of the Regulations an Environmental Report (ER) must be published for consultation alongside the draft BNP and must present information on the likely significant effects of implementing the plan. When the draft BNP is finalised the contents of the ER must be taken into account, along with the consultation responses.
- 2.4 The ER should identify, describe and evaluate the likely significant effects on the environment of implementing the plan and reasonable alternatives. It should consider environmental characteristics likely to be affected, including designated sites, and likely significant effects on the environment, including secondary, cumulative, synergistic, short, medium, long term, permanent and temporary, positive and negative effects. Measures to avoid, mitigate or compensate for serious adverse impacts should be included, as must a description of proposed monitoring measures.
- 2.5 Figure 1 below summaries the stages as outlined above and the purpose of each stage.

Figure 1 SEA stages and tasks

SEA STAGES AND TASKS	PURPOSE
Stage A: Setting the context and objectives, establishing the baseline and deciding on the scope	
Identifying other relevant plans, programmes and environmental protection objectives	To establish how the plan or programme is affected by outside factors, to suggest ideas for how any constraints can be addressed, and to help to identify SEA objectives
Collecting baseline information	To provide an evidence base for environmental problems, prediction of effects, and monitoring; to help in the development of SEA objectives.
Identifying environmental problems	To help focus the SEA and streamline the subsequent stages, including baseline information analysis, setting of the SEA objectives, prediction of effects and monitoring
Developing SEA objectives	To provide a means by which the environmental performance of the plan or programme and alternatives can be assessed.
Consulting on the scope of SEA	To ensure that the SEA covers the likely significant environmental effects of the plan or programme.
Stage B: Developing and refining alternatives and assessing effects	
Testing the plan or programme objectives against the SEA objectives	To identify potential synergies or inconsistencies between the objectives of the plan or programme and the SEA objectives and help in developing alternatives.
Developing strategic alternatives	To develop and refine strategic alternatives
Predicting the effects of the plan or programme, including alternatives	To predict the significant environmental effects of the plan or programme and alternatives
Evaluating the effects of the plan or programme, including alternatives	To evaluate the predicted effects of the plan or programme and its alternatives and assist in the refinement of the plan or programme.
Mitigating adverse effects	To ensure that adverse effects are identified and potential mitigation measures are considered.
Proposing measures to monitor the environmental effects of plan or programme implementation	To detail the means by which the environmental performance of the plan or programme can be assessed.

Stage C: Preparing the Environmental Report	
Preparing the Environmental Report	To present the predicted environmental effect of the plan or programme, including alternatives, in a form suitable for public consultation and use by decision-makers.
Stage D: Consulting on the draft plan or programme and the Environmental Report	
Consulting the public and Consultation Bodies on the draft plan or programme and the Environmental Report	To give the public and consultation Bodies an opportunity to express their opinions on the findings of the Environmental Report and to use it as a reference point in commenting on the plan or programme. To gather more information through the opinions and concerns of the public.
Assessing significant changes	To ensure that the environmental implications of any significant changes to the draft plan or programme at this stage are assessed and taken into account.
Making decisions and providing information	To provide information on how the Environmental Report and consultees' opinions were taken into account in deciding the final form of the plan or programme to be adopted.
Stage E: Monitoring the significant effects of implementing the plan or programme on the environment	
Developing aims and methods for monitoring	To track the environmental effects of the plan or programme to show whether they are as predicted; to help identify adverse effects.
Responding to adverse effects	To prepare for appropriate responses where adverse effects are identified.

2.6 Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) advises the methodology for SEA is intended to be proportionate to the task of assessing the modest development proposals of a Neighbourhood Plan, particularly those that are small and within a rural area such as Bletsoe. PPG Paragraph 030 Reference OD: 11-030-20150209 states “*The strategic environmental assessment should only focus on what is needed to assess the likely significant effects of the neighbourhood plan proposal. It should focus on the environmental impacts which are likely to be significant. It does not need to be done in any more detail, or using more resources, than is considered to be appropriate for the content and level of detail in the neighbourhood plan*”.

2.7 The ER responds to each of the relevant and appropriate SEA requirements in turn, beginning with a short description of the emerging Neighbourhood Plan, identifying

the key environmental features of the Parish and then assessing the impact of the strategic objectives and policies of the Neighbourhood Plan on those features, using relevant SEA objectives.

- 2.8 The Baseline information provides the basis for predicting and monitoring environmental effects and helps to identify environmental problems. Both qualitative and quantitative information can be used for this purpose where made available and sources of reference are listed in the information table. Given the nature of the neighbourhood plan area and the likely small scale development proposed as a result of the neighbourhood plan, a pragmatic approach to the level of information required has been adopted. The Baseline information was provided with the Scoping Request and is included at Appendix B.
- 2.9 The SEA objectives are derived from environmental objectives which are established in law, policy, or other plans or programmes, or from a review of the baseline information and the predicted environmental problems. The Regulations do not require the objectives to be developed for SEA itself, but they are used to help show whether the objectives of the plan or programme are beneficial for the environment, to compare the environmental effects of alternatives, or to suggest improvements. Each individual plan or programme has its own specific objectives.
- 2.10 For BNP the SEA objectives have been established following a review of the baseline information, issues that are of most concern for Bletsoe residents raised during the Issues and Options consultations and the responses to the Screening Opinion.

3 NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN POLICIES AND OTHER PROGRAMMES

3.1 The BNP proposes 8 policies for the use and development of land in the Parish of Bletsoe for the period 2017 to 2035. These policies, together with the policies of Bedford Borough's Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), and advice given in the Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) will be used by the Borough Council in determining planning applications once the Neighbourhood Plan is 'made' (*adopted*).

3.2 Bedford Borough Council's (BBC) Development Plan is currently made up of the following documents:

- Saved Local Plan 2002 policies;
- Saved Minerals and Waste Local Plan 2005 policies;
- The Core Strategy and Rural Issues Plan 2008 (CSRIP);
- Bedford Town Centre Area Action Plan 2008;
- The Allocations and Designations Local Plan 2013 (ADLP);
- The Minerals and Waste Local Plan: Strategic Sites and Policies (2014).

3.3 BBC have commenced preparation of a new Local Plan (BBLP), and some of the current adopted Development Plan documents will eventually be superseded by this once adoption has taken place.

3.4 The BBLP Draft Plan for Submission was published for consultation between 22 January 2018 and 29 March 2018, however the consultation raised issues regarding the deliverability of a key allocation for a new settlement at Colworth Park to the north of the Borough. On 16 May 2018, the Borough Council's Executive agreed that Officers should carry out additional work on the evidence base to support an amended Plan for Submission, which the Council intends to publish for a second Regulation 19 consultation in September 2018. The revised BBLP Draft Plan for Submission deleted the allocation at Colworth Park and reduced the time of the plan period to take account of the homes that could not be delivered through the new

settlement. The BBLP 2030 Plan for Submission was submitted for examination on 14th December 2018.

- 3.5 The new Local Plan will set the spatial and growth strategy for the Borough to 2030 and will contain policies that will replace those in the current Development Plan documents. A number of background and evidence base documents have been prepared in support of the new Local Plan and have been considered as part of the neighbourhood plan process.
- 3.6 Although a neighbourhood plan is not tested against the policies in an emerging Local Plan, the reasoning and evidence that informs the Local Plan process is likely to be relevant to the basic conditions against which a neighbourhood plan is tested. The basic conditions are set out in paragraph 8(2) of Schedule 4B to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, applied to neighbourhood plans by section 38A of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 and how BNP has met the basic conditions is set out in the Basic Conditions Statement that forms part of a neighbourhood plan suite of documents.
- 3.7 Clarity on the detailed policies within BBLP will be provided once it is submitted and as a consequence BNP may need to be reviewed to ensure it remains broadly in compliance with the Local Plan policies once it is adopted.
- 3.8 Ultimately the timing of this will depend on whether BNP reaches examination and referendum stage before the BBLP is adopted. The final BNP version will need take any relevant matters not already considered into account.

The Neighbourhood Plan

- 3.9 The purpose of BNP is to shape development within the Parish and provide guidance to any parties wishing to submit planning applications for development within Bletsoe. Once made it will sit alongside the other Development Plan documents and will be a material consideration in the determination of planning applications.
- 3.10 Throughout the process of producing BNP the Steering Group has sought to involve the community as widely as possible through various methods of consultation, as explained in the Consultation Statement.

3.11 The initial launch event on the Neighbourhood Plan provided an explanation of what a neighbourhood plan is and the various stages and timeline for taking the plan forward. A number of key questions were posed with the intention of setting a vision and objectives for the Plan, such as:

- What do we need to retain a viable community in Bletsoe?
- What do we need to make Bletsoe an even better place to live?
- What do we value and what do we want to preserve?
- What is Bletsoe missing?
- What do you think should be changed or improved?

3.12 The results of the initial consultations enabled the formation of BNP vision as below.

Bletsoe will remain a peaceful rural village that seeks to meet the housing, economic and infrastructure needs of its residents. Any future development must therefore be sensitive and must respect the character of the village that makes it so special.

3.13 In pursuit of this vision, the following BNP objectives are proposed:

- To deliver housing which both sustains the current and meets the future needs of the community;
- To protect and enhance existing and future open spaces;
- To manage both existing and future traffic and transport provision and encourage safe and sustainable movement;
- To ensure the Village benefits from sufficient facilities and services;
- To protect and enhance all listed buildings and the Scheduled Monument within the Parish.

3.14 The emerging BNP policies range from three small site allocations for new development through to policies that refine existing development management policies specific to the Parish. The Parish Council has prepared separate studies on site assessments, housing needs and issues and options consultations to inform its choice of policies and these reports are published as part of the evidence for the Neighbourhood Plan.

4 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTER

- 4.1 The Baseline environmental evidence for the neighbourhood plan is contained in the Scoping Report which is included in Appendix B of this report.

Bletsoe history

- 4.2 The settlement of Bletsoe is likely to have originated as a late Saxon manor reorganised in the mid-11th century by its Norman conquerors. Five hundred years later it had become the estate village that survived until the 1950's. In the last half-century, Bletsoe has ceased to be a basically agricultural community and has become mainly residential for local and regional commuters and retired people, who have an interest in retaining its special historic interest and traditional character.
- 4.3 Bletsoe lies in a long-settled river valley landscape six miles north of Bedford. A villa site west of the village may represent the centre of a Roman farming estate, and 4th century burials were found associated with it. The place-name suggests Saxon settlement slightly higher up the valley side, dispersed around the 'hoh' or hill-spur where one 'Blaecc' once lived.
- 4.4 Probably the most imposing building in the village is Bletsoe Castle. It may have originated as 11th Century Norman timber buildings within a circular bank and ditch later replaced in stone as the medieval manor house of the Beauchamps and Pateshulls. In the 15th century it was the birthplace of Margaret Beaufort, mother of King Henry VII. In the 16th century it was acquired by the St Johns who built themselves a new mansion visited by Elizabeth I and James I.
- 4.5 The earthworks north and east of Bletsoe Castle are the only remains of their formal gardens and the castle site and gardens are now scheduled as ancient monuments (AM).
- 4.6 In the early 17th century, a glimpse of the village layout in the 1620's could be understood from a written survey of the St John family's estate. It included reference to the Great Green, an open space in the centre of the village which originated as medieval communal grazing land.
- 4.7 The St Johns managed Bletsoe as an estate village, constructing rows of 18th and 19th century cottages for their workers. Latterly the Great Green has become a

series of hedged or walled compartments some laid out as allotments. After the estate was sold in the 1950s, these were gradually abandoned in the 1980s and 1990s until they became the highly appreciated and mostly publicly-owned grassy open spaces of today. The north west side of the green was developed in the 1960s. In the 1970s the addition of Bennetts Close rounded off the end of Memorial Lane; and in the 1980s Captains Close, a further row of housing, was added behind St Marys Close. The model farm barns at Castle Farm were converted to residential uses in the 1990s.

Bletsoe Character

- 4.8 The village has an elongated triangular form arranged around the central open spaces. The main road from the A6 (The Avenue) runs along one side of the former Great Green and rises towards the Parish church of St Mary. Beyond it are the Old Rectory and Bletsoe Castle. North End is half a mile or so along the road out of the village heading to Riseley. The two most significant spaces within the Conservation Area are the former Great Green, around which the village is arranged, and the village field, for itself and for views of the Parish church from the south east.
- 4.9 The centre of the village is less open visually than it was fifty years ago, due to the growth of trees and hedges. On the central green spaces, next to the former school is the David Bayes Memorial Garden. Two smaller areas between Old Way and The Avenue and in front of Old Pear Tree Cottage are privately owned; the largest, between the Avenue and Memorial Lane retains several apple trees from its days as an allotment is owned by the Parish Council.
- 4.10 Most of the historic village lies within the Conservation Area boundary where there are a number of listed buildings. It includes the Tudor/Stuart garden earthworks, an important part of the setting of Bletsoe Castle, a Scheduled Monument.
- 4.11 Bletsoe Castle lies on the east of the main road and can be seen when passing through the village. South of the castle on the same side of the road lies the church of St. Mary.
- 4.12 The Conservation Area boundary excludes a small cluster of buildings around the A6 turn as they are quite separated from the historic core of the village. Bletsoe Cottage and The Falcon Inn are protected individually as listed buildings.

- 4.13 The A6 is the main trunk road north and south of Bedford. It passes through Bletsoe Parish but is separated from the village. Bletsoe is accessed directly from the A6 but also from rural roads to the east and north of the village which lead to the villages beyond.
- 4.14 To the north of the Parish, along the banks of a watercourse, a small area of the Parish falls within flood zones 2 and 3. This is, however, far away from the village and the majority of residential areas. There is no evidence of severe surface water flooding in the village itself. There is also no evidence of any landfill sites within Bletsoe Parish.
- 4.15 Bletsoe Parish, and all of the land surrounding the village, falls into one overall landscape character type: NCA Profile: 88 Bedfordshire and Cambridgeshire Claylands. The majority of Bletsoe Parish falls within local landscape character area 2B Wooded Wolds (Bedford Borough Landscape Character Assessment 2014). The landscape strategy for this area is to conserve the rural landscape and rolling arable farmland.
- 4.16 There are some notable woodland sites in and around the village. To the north some way outside the village an area of good quality semi improved grassland (non priority) is noted. Within the village two small areas are identified as Priory Habitat Inventory (no main habitat but additional habitat exists)¹ but it is not intended to allocate either of these sites for development.
- 4.17 To the far north of the village there are two County Wildlife Sites, Pippin Wood and Galsey Wood, but these are located some distance from the village itself. To the south west of the NP area there is also a small County Wildlife Site along the roadside of Thurleigh Road. Just beyond the NP area to the west along the Upper Great Ouse River Valley there is a further County Wildlife Site. This area is also designated as a Green Infrastructure Opportunity Area².
- 4.18 There are also a number of Tree Preservation Orders (TPOs) on trees located within the village in Castle Barns at Coplowe Lane and The Avenue². A number of public footpaths cross the Parish as can be seen on Map D.

¹MagicMap <http://www.natureonthemap.naturalengland.org.uk/MagicMap.aspx>

²Bedford Borough Local Plan Proposals Maps

- 4.19 There are no European designated Sites such as SAC (Special Area of Conservation), SPA (Special Protections Areas) or Ramsar Sites (Wetlands) in the Parish, nor are there any SSSI (Site of Special Scientific Interest), SINC (Site of Importance for Nature Conservation) sites, or Ancient Woodlands³.
- 4.20 A small part of the NP area, to the west and beyond the village is noted as a Mineral Safeguarding Area comprising Cornbrash Limestone and River Valley/Glacial Sand and Gravel².
- 4.21 In terms of residents, the population at Domesday was a little over a hundred people, making it quite a significant settlement at that date. Population figures rose in the first half of the 19th century (to in excess of 400 reported between 1831 and 1861) then began to fall back as more local people drifted to larger towns like Bedford and Rushden to find work (falling to a reported 337 in 1891). In the early part of the 20th century, as work in agriculture declined, it is reported that the population fell to 219 by 1931 but that, in the latter part of the 20th century, figures rose again but to nowhere near the levels of 1831-1861. The population was reported to be 260 in the 2011 census⁴.

³<http://magic.defra.gov.uk/>

⁴www.ons.gov.uk/census/2011census

5 ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVES

- 5.1 The Neighbourhood Plan must be in general conformity with national and local strategic policies and therefore it does not needlessly repeat them. Policies within the emerging BNP are designed to be relevant to Bletsoe in terms of its character and scale of the neighbourhood plan area, its character and vision and objectives of the Neighbourhood Plan.
- 5.2 To enable environmental assessment of the performance of the Neighbourhood Plan, the following framework for the assessment has been adopted. The proposed framework has been consulted upon with the Statutory Consultees as part of the SEA Scoping Report. The consultees made no adverse comments on the selection of the proposed SEA objectives nor did they suggest a wider scope. The SEA objectives are therefore as follows:

Objective 1: Housing

To deliver housing which both sustains the current and meets the future needs of the community

1A) Do the policies provide a range of housing types of various sizes and tenures?

1B) Do the policies direct new housing to the most appropriate locations?

Objective 2: Landscape and Biodiversity

To protecting and enhance existing and future open spaces

2A) Do the policies have regard to the local landscape character, the village setting, the local topography and views to and from the village to the countryside?

2B) Do the policies avoid development affecting areas of notable species?

Objective 3: Historic Environment

To protect and enhance listed buildings, ancient monuments and the conservation area

3A) Do the policies sustain and enhance the significance of designated heritage assets and their settings, i.e. Listed Buildings, the Conservation Area, archaeological sites and SMs?

3B) Do the policies sustain and enhance the significance of non-designated heritage assets?

- 5.3 This compact framework of SEA objectives focusses on the main local issues relevant to Bletsoe and informs the selection of policies, and their reasonable alternatives, to achieve the vision and objectives of the BNP.
- 5.4 SEA methodology is to be proportionate to the task of assessing modest proposals in a neighbourhood plan. Wider SEA objectives, of which there are many, are assessed by Bedford Borough Council as part of their local plan evidence base and those objectives that are not of significant relevance to Bletsoe Parish such as air quality and economy and enterprise. Therefore it is not considered proportionate to consider all SEA objectives.

6 ASSESSMENT OF NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

6.1 Section 3 outlines the objectives of BNP which will support the overall vision for the Parish. The table below assesses each BNP objective against the SEA objectives for positive, neutral and negative effects.

Table A Assessment of BNP objectives ✓(positive),0 (neutral),X (negative)

Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Objectives	SEA Objectives		
	Housing	Landscape and Biodiversity	Historic Environment
Housing	✓	✓/0/X	0/X
Landscape & Green space protection	✓	✓	✓
Traffic and Transport	✓/0/X	✓/0/X	✓
Village facilities and services	✓/0	0	✓/0
Historic environment	0/X	✓/0	✓

6.2 The local community is keen to plan for small scale growth providing it prevents potential to harm to the historic and rural character of the village. The objective of minimising any adverse effects of small scale growth in the village will result in some positive effects, however in general the BNP policies will have neutral environmental impacts with a small number of positive effects and the potential for a small number of negative effects.

6.3 There is potential for negative effects if development proposals for housing is poorly located and designed. These effects may cause harm to the historic environment and the landscape and biodiversity features if they are not given sufficient consideration when selecting sites. New development of inappropriate scale could also add to traffic congestion on the local roads.

6.4 Given the small scale of the planned growth and the location of the proposed site allocations there are unlikely to be significant impacts on any designated nature sites, the historic environment or any other environmental attributes outside the neighbourhood plan area boundary.

6.5 The BNP contains 8 policies for the use and development of land in the Parish of Bletsoe to the period up to 2035. The policies have been formulated based on the outcome of consultation with residents, the Site Assessment Report and with regard to a number of constraints and features within the Parish.

6.6 The SEA process has allowed the consideration of each policy and refinement of wording to ensure each will have no significant environmental effects. The following section identifies and evaluates the likely significant effects of BNP policies against the SEA objectives taking into account the baseline and the scoping report. The table below assesses each policy for positive, neutral and negative effects.

Table B Assessment of BNP Policies

✓(positive),0 (neutral),X (negative)

Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Policies	SEA objectives		
	Housing	Landscape & Biodiversity	Historic Environment
BNP1 General Principles	0	✓/0	✓/0
BNP2 Land behind Captains Close	✓	0	✓/0
BNP3 Land North of the Old Rectory	✓	0	0/X
BNP4 Design Criteria	✓	✓	✓
BNP5 Vehicle & Cycle Parking	✓	✓/0	✓/0
BNP6 Transportation	✓/0	✓/0	0
BNP7 Local Green Space	✓	✓	✓
BNP8 Next Generation Broadband	✓/0	0	0

6.7 In terms of positive effects, the emerging policies are designed to protect and/or enhance the rural and historic character of the village.

6.8 Policy BNP1 sets the general principles of sustainable development and seeks to ensure new development is directed to within the settlement to maintain the character of the area. The policy does allow for certain types of developments in the rural area in accordance with the NPPF provided justification for the

development can be demonstrated. This policy will have either neutral or positive effects on the environment.

6.9 Policies BNP 2 and 3 each refer to individual site allocations all of which are located outside of the existing Settlement Policy Area and Conservation Area boundaries, but may be considered to be within its setting. The policies consider the character and scale of each proposed site allocation and establish appropriate scale and design principles considered relevant to the site including the potential to harm below ground archaeology.

6.10 The land behind Captains Close (Policy BNP2) is a 0.4ha site located just outside of the defined Settlement Policy Area, adjoining its boundary and existing development to the east. It is centrally located in the village and would form a logical extension to Captains Close in a westerly direction. Access to the site is through Captains Close which is owned and managed by Bedford Pilgrims Housing Association (BPHA) and this could affect delivery, however it has been confirmed in writing by BPHA that they are keen to work with Bletsoe Parish Council to deliver housing on this site. A public footpath runs through the site southeast-northeast from Captains Close to the A6. There may need to be a minor diversion of the right of way depending on the final layout of the development. There are no known major constraints which could prevent development of this site. It scored well in the Site Assessment process and the feedback from the September/October 2016 consultation identified the site as a preferred location for development. There would be some negative effects from this policy due to the development of existing greenfield land and the potential to affect the public footpath, however it is considered to be minimal and localised given the built up surroundings. There are also potential effects on the historic environment therefore the policy will require developers to seek expert advice and undertake a desk-based assessment to determine the extent and significance of the historic environment and the impact of proposed development would have on the historic environment. This will include an assessment of archaeological assets. A Transport Assessment has also been undertaken which concluded a suitable access can be achieved.

6.11 Policy BNP3 Land north of the Old Rectory is a small site of 0.3ha on the northern edge of the village. It adjoins the Conservation Area and lies on the opposite side of

the road to Bletsoe Castle. Whilst outside the Settlement Policy Area and separated from it, it is not isolated from the central core of the village and the site scored well in the Site Assessment process.

- 6.14 This site has the potential for negative effects on the historic environment given it's proximity the Scheduled Monument, the setting of the Bletsoe Conservation Area, and the setting of the Grade II* Listed Church of St Mary the Virgin, However it is small site and therefore only modest scale development is likely to come forward which can be designed to complement and enhance the historic setting. The policy requires new development to pay special attention to the setting of the Bletsoe Castle Scheduled Monument and the setting of Bletsoe Conservation Area and the historic environment in general, including the potential for below ground archaeology. The policy will require developers to seek expert advice and undertake a desk-based assessment to determine the extent and significance of the historic environment and the impact of proposed development would have on the historic environment, particularly the setting of Bletsoe Castle. This will include an assessment of archaeological assets. Planning applications will need to be judged against this criteria which will avoid any significant effects or suggest mitigation where required. A Transport Assessment has been undertaken which concluded a suitable access can be achieved.
- 6.15 Consultation feedback identified there is support for a small development of up to 3 dwellings on this site provided the design and siting of the development is integrated in the landscape with appropriate screening and is sensitive to the adjacent historic assets.
- 6.16 Policy BNP4 addresses Village character, the Conservation Area and its setting, by establishing Village Design Criteria for all forms of new development.
- 6.17 Policy BNP5 complements existing national and local policy by acknowledging the contribution made to the character of the village from the existing open spaces.
- 6.18 Infrastructure policies BNP5 Vehicle and Cycle Parking, BNP6 Transportation and BNP8 Next Generation Broadband intend to protect the village from harmful development while also assisting in ensuring existing facilities are retained and upgraded where possible.

- 6.19 A number of Non-Policy Actions are proposed in the BNP which will also have positive effects.
- 6.20 The proposed policies will have positive effects as they seek to prevent development that is out of scale with the character of the setting of the village. More importantly the site allocation policies make provision for a small number new homes appropriate to the scale and needs of the village, but seek to establish design principles relevant to the characteristics of each particular site.
- 6.21 Some adjoining parishes are beginning preparation of their neighbourhood plans and they may propose development of a greater scale than Bletsoe. These plans will need to consider cumulative effects however the scale of development proposed by BNP is of such modest scale there are unlikely to be cumulative effects on adjoining neighbourhood plan areas or proposed large scale development in the emerging BBLP.

7 ASSESSMENT OF REASONABLE ALTERNATIVES

- 7.1 SEA requires the assessment of reasonable alternatives to proposed policies. In terms of the site allocations, alternative sites were assessed in the Site Assessment Report.
- 7.2 For the Parish of Bletsoe a number of potential development sites have already been submitted to Bedford Borough Council as part of their Call for Sites exercise undertaken in conjunction with the preparation the new Local Plan to 2035, all of which are located outside of the existing Settlement Policy Area. Map B indicates the existing Settlement Policy Area boundary.
- 7.3 All details of the sites submitted during the initial Call for Sites in 2014 were subject to an initial consultation in December 2014 with Bletsoe residents during the early stages of the Neighbourhood Plan preparation as explained within the BNP Consultation Statement.
- 7.4 A second 'Call for Sites' was later carried out by the Borough Council which closed on 14th December 2015. The second round of the Call for Sites brought forward additional sites in the Parish of Bletsoe and a further Issues and Options Consultation on the Neighbourhood Plan, taking place in September/October 2016, included consultation on the additional sites and alternative proposals for sites that had already been submitted.
- 7.5 Additionally through the Call for Sites exercise proposals for new settlements have been submitted to Bedford Borough Council both of which overlap the boundary of the Bletsoe Neighbourhood Area Plan, but are largely located within the adjoining parishes of Thurleigh and Milton Ernest. Both sites are located some distance from the village of Bletsoe itself.
- 7.6 The site assessment methodology aimed to balance sustainability and deliverability objectives in a way which ensures that the BNP intentions are met. Each site has been assessed against its suitability, availability and achievability, (as set out in National Planning Policy Framework paragraph 47).
- 7.7 For simplicity the Site Assessment Report referred to all sites assessed by their Call for Sites reference number and can easily be identified on Map C below. All of the

sites were assessed using a Red, Amber or Green (RAG) rating (Green = 3 points, Amber = 2 and Red =1), and scored appropriately based upon the following key areas:

- Location; is it in a suitable location for development and would it contribute to the creation of sustainable, and mixed communities;
- Policy restrictions; e.g. designations, protected areas, existing planning or other policy or strategy;
- Physical problems or limitations; e.g. access, infrastructure, ground conditions, flood risk, hazardous risks, pollution or contamination;
- Potential impacts – including effect upon landscape features and conservation;
- Environmental conditions which would be experienced by prospective residents.

7.8 As observed in the Site Assessment Report the alternative sites will likely have greater negative effects, in particular where sites are located in the core of the village, within the Conservation Area or in closer proximity to historic assets than the sites assessed as suitable. Some sites were considered to be too detached from the village and discounted at the initial assessment stage due to their negative effects in terms of sustainability.

7.9 Some sites proposed small scale residential development which is a positive effect based on the objective of BNP to provide new homes to assist with local need.

7.10 The following section identifies and evaluates the likely significant effects of reasonable alternatives against the SEA objectives taking into account the baseline and the scoping report.

7.11 As can be seen in Table C below each of the discounted sites are likely to have more than one negative effect. For some sites the negative effect may be minor whereas in other cases landscape & biodiversity effects or heritage effects are greater due to the location of the site. Map B identifies the Conservation Area boundary.

7.12 Site 031 is a combination of two sites (Site 685 and Site 035). Site 685 is the smallest of the three parcels and is proposed to be allocated under Policy BNP4.

The sites are bound agricultural fields to the north, east, and west, and located on the northerly edge of the village. It is outside of the SPA and adjoins the Conservation Area Boundary. Bletsoe Castle and its grounds are on the opposite side of the road. The site as whole would form a large extension to the village on the northern edge which could have negative effects on the landscape, biodiversity interests and the historic environment. The smaller parcel of the sites (Site 685) was considered by residents to be suitable for small scale development of up to three dwellings subject to landscaping and special regard to the setting of the historic environment. A larger development site here would likely have negative effects, particularly on the historic setting of the village.

- 7.13 Land at Coplowe Land (Site 032) is located outside of the SPA but within the Conservation Area boundary. It lies between a public footpath and an identified Village Open Space (see Map D below) and St Mary's Church, a Grade II listed building. The development of this site would enclose the church restricting views of the church currently enjoyed from the Village Open Space and from Coplowe Lane which would affect its setting. Both the national and local policy seek to protect the historic environment therefore the site is unlikely to be a suitable extension to the village and because development here would conflict with National and Local Policy.
- 7.14 Being some 2km north of the village North Farm (Site 033) is considered to be isolated from the village and therefore will have negative effects in terms of sustainability. The provision of housing would be a positive benefit but being so remote from the village it would not be a sustainable location for new development of the scale proposed. The development of the site would likely have negative impacts on landscape and biodiversity and the historic rural nature of the surroundings.
- 7.15 Land South of the Grange (037) and the Waiting for the Sun (Site 034) are located to the west of the village and disconnected from it. Access to both sites would need to be created from the A6 potentially causing further congestion on the busy road. On a positive note both of these sites would provide housing however the sites are isolated from the village and therefore have negative effects in terms of sustainability and landscape and biodiversity effects due to large scale incursion into greenfield land.

- 7.16 Land West of Bletsoe Castle (Site 036) site lies between the most important historic building, Bletsoe Castle (a Scheduled Monument) and the main road through the village. Development of this site would affect the setting of the Conservation Area, Bletsoe Castle and its surrounding open space resulting in significant harm to heritage assets therefore the site is unlikely to be a suitable extension to the village. Development here would have negative effects on the environment.
- 7.17 Land at the Avenue (Site 517) is effectively the same as Site 030 and BNP proposed site allocation Policy BNP3 however site 517 proposed a development 8 dwellings. This site would likely have neutral effects with some negative effects on the environment given its location close to the A6 and at the main entrance to the village. During initial consultation residents favoured this site for a small development that should go some way towards enhancing the village gateway it was therefore allocated for a development of 3 dwellings, however during consultation of the draft Neighbourhood Plan residents raised a number of concerns in relation to this development, it was therefore decided to delete the allocation. .

Table C Assessment of Reasonable Alternatives ✓(positive),0 (neutral), X (negative)

Alternative sites (call for sites reference)	SEA Objectives		
	Housing	Landscape & Biodiversity	Historic Environment
North of Old Rectory (Site 031)	✓	0/x	0/x
Land at Coplowe Lane (Site 032)	✓	x	x
North End Farm (Site 033)	x	x	x
Waiting for the Sun (Site 034)	x	x	0
Land North of the Old Rectory (Site 035)	✓	0/x	0/x
West of Bletsoe Castle (Site 036)	✓	x	x
South of The Grange (037)	x	x	0
The Avenue (Site 517)	✓	0/-	0

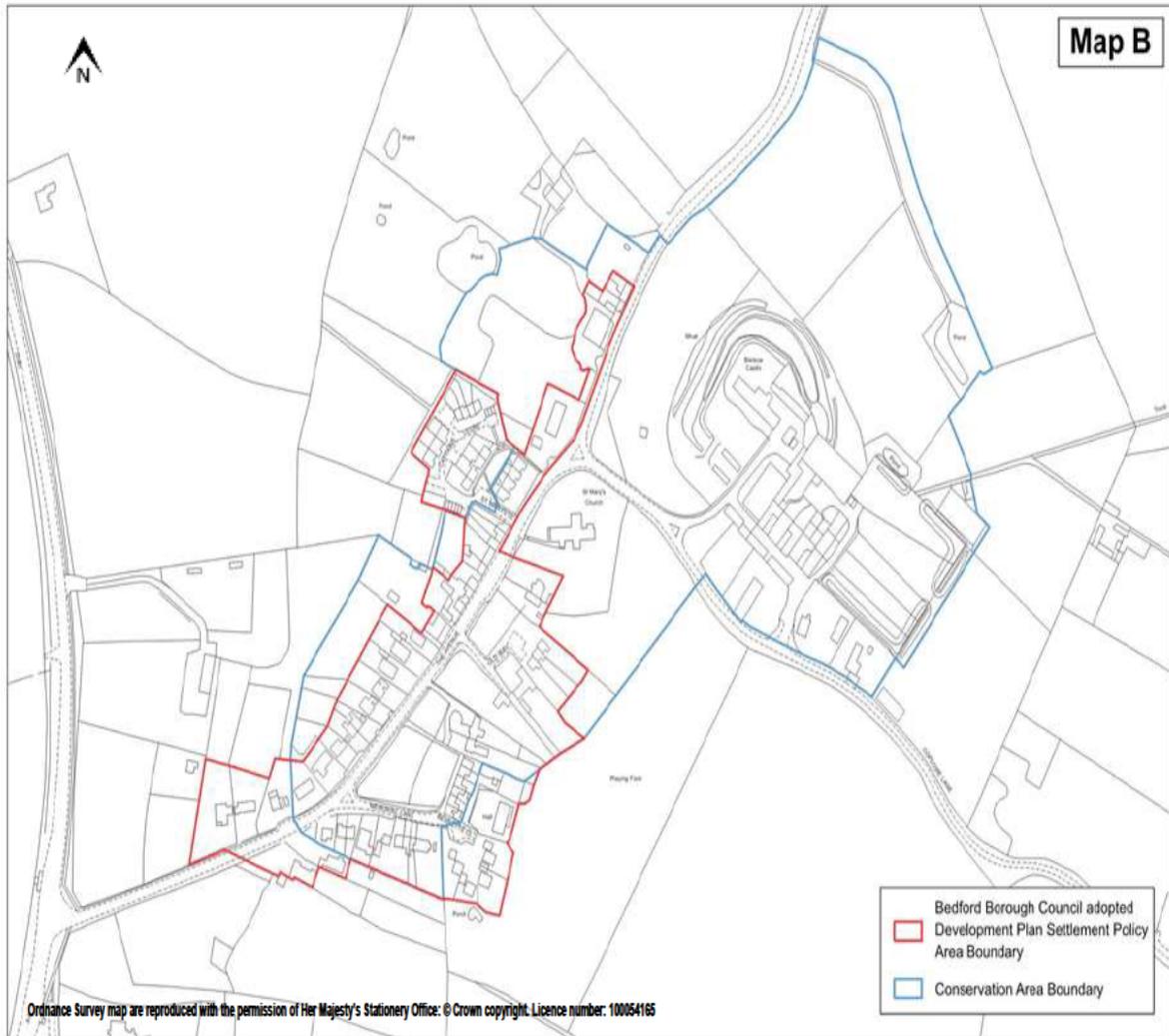
8 SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT

- 8.1 The SEA report identifies the effects of the Neighbourhood Plan are considered to be neutral with some positive effects. The combination of site specific policies and mitigation measures together with national planning policy and relevant development plan polices will ensure that any planning application will be judged against the policies which will avoid any likely negative effects
- 8.2 The assessment indicates consideration of reasonable alternatives would result in greater negative or neutral impacts on the SEA objectives than the policies selected.
- 8.3 The modest scale and location of the site allocations are such that no cumulative effects are likely on adjoining neighbourhood plans or the wider objectives of the development plan.

9 MONITORING

- 9.1 The Parish Council are committed to monitoring the implementation of the Neighbourhood Plan through the collection of data on a bi-annual basis to report on the neighbourhood plan progress and to assess the positive and negative effects and any mitigation measures proposed to offset or reduce any significant adverse effects.
- 9.2 This will be done in conjunction with BBC where possible who already carry out various monitoring exercises and part of their statutory functions.
- 9.3 The Parish Council has committed to a periodic review of BNP in accordance with current legislation and guidelines at the time, to ensure it remains up to date, broadly in compliance with national policy and with locally adopted development plans.

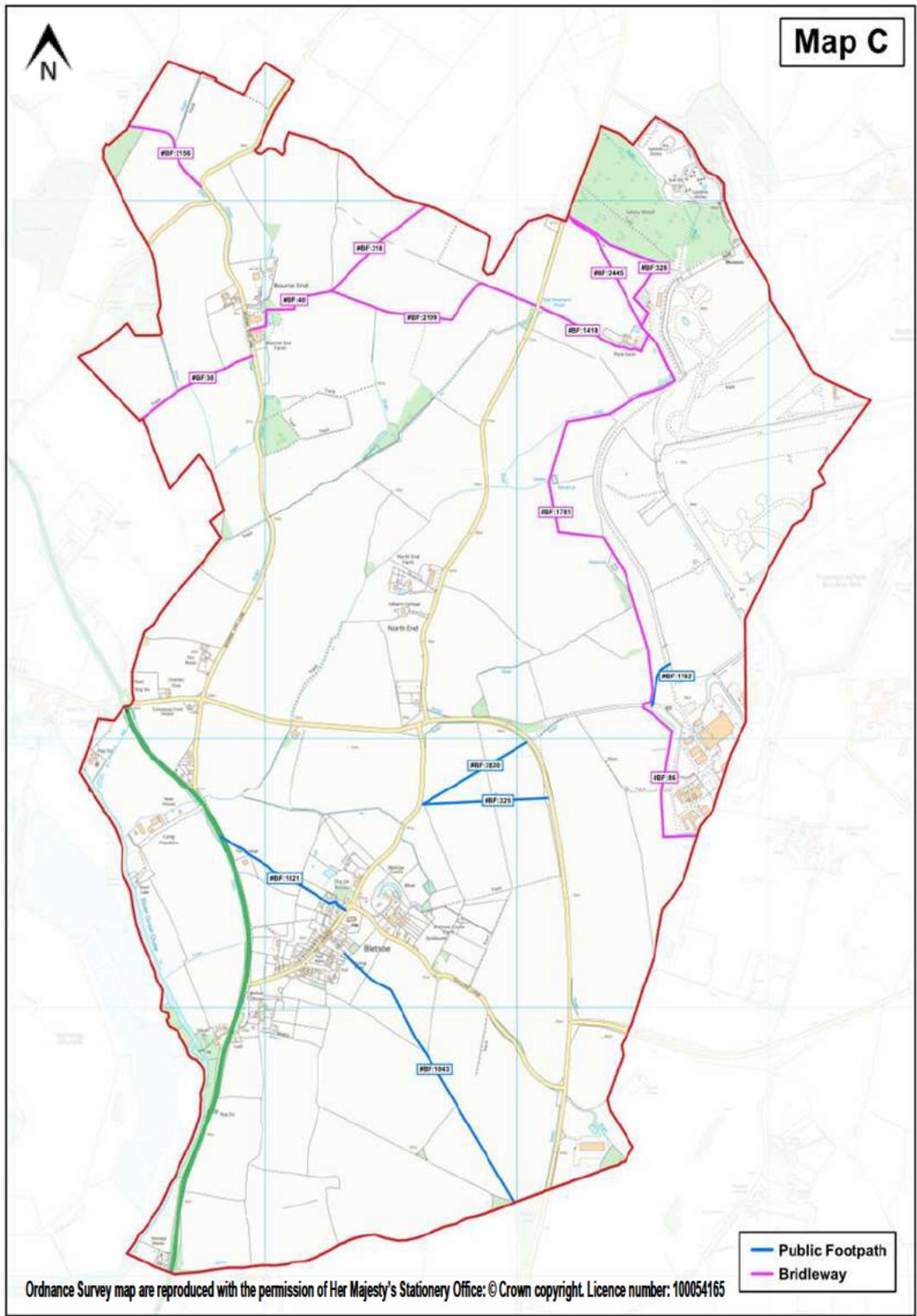
Map B - Reproduction of BBC Policy Map for Bletsoe



Map C - Sites put forward in the Call for Sites



Map D Bletsoe Footpaths



Bletsoe Public Rights of Way

BLETSONE NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN SEA REPORT

APPENDIX A Screening Opinion



Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd
15-17 Goldington Road
Bedford
MK40 3NH

Please ask

for:

Direct line:

E-mail:

Fax no:

Your ref:

Our ref:

Date: 4 July 2017

Determination for the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan

Dear

I refer to your recent request for a screening opinion for the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment for the Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan. This determination is based on the submitted information which included the draft Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan, appendices and the site assessment report. In accordance with regulation 9 of The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 a screening opinion has been carried out.

As part of the duty under the regulations, our determination has been informed by the responses (attached to this letter) from the following statutory bodies:

- Natural England
- Historic England
- Environment Agency

As a result of this screening and consultation, it has been determined that a Strategic Environmental Assessment is required based on the submitted documentation.

As outlined in the attached letter from Historic England, the main area of their concern is the Land North of the Old Rectory which is outlined in BNP Policy 4. The Neighbourhood Plan group may wish to revisit this policy to address the concerns of Historic England. If the draft plan is to continue as submitted, then a Strategic Environmental Assessment is required. Alternatively, if this site was removed, then this may change the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment, but a further request for screening will be required.

If you would like to discuss this further, please contact Sonia Gallaher (details above).

Yours sincerely

Service Manager Planning Policy and Housing Strategy

Attachments

Advice from Historic England

Advice from Natural England

Advice from Environment Agency

cc – Clerk to Bletsoe Parish Council

Date: 21 June 2017
Our ref: 216295
Your ref: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan



Bedford Borough Council
Room 415, 4th Floor
Borough Hall
Cauldwell Street
Bedford
MK42 9AP

Hornbeam House
Crewe Business Park
Electra Way
Crewe
Cheshire
CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

BY EMAIL ONLY

Dear _____,

Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 19/05/2017.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Natural England is a statutory consultee in neighbourhood planning and must be consulted on draft neighbourhood development plans by the Parish/Town Councils or Neighbourhood Forums where they consider our interests would be affected by the proposals made.

On the basis of the material supplied with the consultation, that, in so far as our strategic environmental interests are concerned (including but not limited to statutory designated sites, landscapes and protected species, geology and soils) are concerned, that there are unlikely to be significant environmental effects from the proposed plan.

However, we refer you to the attached annex which covers the issues and opportunities that should be considered when preparing a Neighbourhood Plan.

For clarification of any points in this letter, or any further consultations on your plan, please contact: consultations@naturalengland.org.uk.

We really value your feedback to help us improve the service we offer. We have attached a feedback form to this letter and welcome any comments you might have about our service.

Yours sincerely,

Consultations Team

Annex 1 - Neighbourhood planning and the natural environment: information, issues and opportunities

Natural environment information sources

The [Magic](#)¹ website will provide you with much of the nationally held natural environment data for your plan area. The most relevant layers for you to consider are: **Agricultural Land Classification, Ancient Woodland, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, Local Nature Reserves, National Parks (England), National Trails, Priority Habitat Inventory, public rights of way (on the Ordnance Survey base map) and Sites of Special Scientific Interest (including their impact risk zones)**. Local environmental record centres may hold a range of additional information on the natural environment. A list of local record centres is available [here](#)².

Priority habitats are those habitats of particular importance for nature conservation, and the list of them can be found [here](#)³. Most of these will be mapped either as **Sites of Special Scientific Interest**, on the Magic website or as **Local Wildlife Sites**. Your local planning authority should be able to supply you with the locations of Local Wildlife Sites.

National Character Areas (NCAs) divide England into 159 distinct natural areas. Each character area is defined by a unique combination of landscape, biodiversity, geodiversity and cultural and economic activity. NCA profiles contain descriptions of the area and statements of environmental opportunity, which may be useful to inform proposals in your plan. NCA information can be found [here](#)⁴.

There may also be a local **landscape character assessment** covering your area. This is a tool to help understand the character and local distinctiveness of the landscape and identify the features that give it a sense of place. It can help to inform, plan and manage change in the area. Your local planning authority should be able to help you access these if you can't find them online.

If your neighbourhood planning area is within or adjacent to a **National Park** or **Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)**, the relevant National Park/AONB Management Plan for the area will set out useful information about the protected landscape. You can access the plans on from the relevant National Park Authority or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty website.

General mapped information on **soil types** and **Agricultural Land Classification** is available (under 'landscape') on the [Magic](#)⁵ website and also from the [LandIS website](#)⁶, which contains more information about obtaining soil data.

Natural environment issues to consider

The [National Planning Policy Framework](#)⁷ sets out national planning policy on protecting and enhancing the natural environment. [Planning Practice Guidance](#)⁸ sets out supporting guidance.

Your local planning authority should be able to provide you with further advice on the potential impacts of your plan or order on the natural environment and the need for any environmental assessments.

Landscape

¹ <http://magic.defra.gov.uk/>

² <http://www.nbn-nfbr.org.uk/nfbr.php>

³ <http://web.archive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

⁴ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-character-area-profiles-data-for-local-decision-making>

⁵ <http://magic.defra.gov.uk/>

⁶ <http://www.landis.org.uk/index.cfm>

⁷ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework--2>

⁸ <http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/natural-environment/>

Your plans or orders may present opportunities to protect and enhance locally valued landscapes. You may want to consider identifying distinctive local landscape features or characteristics such as ponds, woodland or dry stone walls and think about how any new development proposals can respect and enhance local landscape character and distinctiveness.

If you are proposing development within or close to a protected landscape (National Park or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty) or other sensitive location, we recommend that you carry out a landscape assessment of the proposal. Landscape assessments can help you to choose the most appropriate sites for development and help to avoid or minimise impacts of development on the landscape through careful siting, design and landscaping.

Wildlife habitats

Some proposals can have adverse impacts on designated wildlife sites or other priority habitats (listed [here](#)⁹), such as Sites of Special Scientific Interest or [Ancient woodland](#)¹⁰. If there are likely to be any adverse impacts you'll need to think about how such impacts can be avoided, mitigated or, as a last resort, compensated for.

Priority and protected species

You'll also want to consider whether any proposals might affect priority species (listed [here](#)¹¹) or protected species. To help you do this, Natural England has produced advice [here](#)¹² to help understand the impact of particular developments on protected species.

Best and Most Versatile Agricultural Land

Soil is a finite resource that fulfils many important functions and services for society. It is a growing medium for food, timber and other crops, a store for carbon and water, a reservoir of biodiversity and a buffer against pollution. If you are proposing development, you should seek to use areas of poorer quality agricultural land in preference to that of a higher quality in line with National Planning Policy Framework para 112. For more information, see our publication [Agricultural Land Classification: protecting the best and most versatile agricultural land](#)¹³.

Improving your natural environment

Your plan or order can offer exciting opportunities to enhance your local environment. If you are setting out policies on new development or proposing sites for development, you may wish to consider identifying what environmental features you want to be retained or enhanced or new features you would like to see created as part of any new development. Examples might include:

- Providing a new footpath through the new development to link into existing rights of way.
- Restoring a neglected hedgerow.
- Creating a new pond as an attractive feature on the site.
- Planting trees characteristic to the local area to make a positive contribution to the local landscape.
- Using native plants in landscaping schemes for better nectar and seed sources for bees and birds.
- Incorporating swift boxes or bat boxes into the design of new buildings.
- Think about how lighting can be best managed to encourage wildlife.
- Adding a green roof to new buildings.

You may also want to consider enhancing your local area in other ways, for example by:

⁹<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

¹⁰<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ancient-woodland-and-veteran-trees-protection-surveys-licences>

¹¹<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

¹²<https://www.gov.uk/protected-species-and-sites-how-to-review-planning-proposals>

¹³<http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/publication/35012>

- Setting out in your plan how you would like to implement elements of a wider Green Infrastructure Strategy (if one exists) in your community.
- Assessing needs for accessible greenspace and setting out proposals to address any deficiencies or enhance provision.
- Identifying green areas of particular importance for special protection through Local Green Space designation (see [Planning Practice Guidance on this](#) ¹⁴).
- Managing existing (and new) public spaces to be more wildlife friendly (e.g. by sowing wild flower strips in less used parts of parks, changing hedge cutting timings and frequency).
- Planting additional street trees.
- Identifying any improvements to the existing public right of way network, e.g. cutting back hedges, improving the surface, clearing litter or installing kissing gates) or extending the network to create missing links.
- Restoring neglected environmental features (e.g. coppicing a prominent hedge that is in poor condition, or clearing away an eyesore).

¹⁴ <http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/open-space-sports-and-recreation-facilities-public-rights-of-way-and-local-green-space/local-green-space-designation/>

From:
Sent: 22 May 2017 13:21
To:
Cc:
Subject: RE: screening opinion for Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Bedford

Follow Up Flag: Follow up
Flag Status: Flagged

Dear

We agree with your conclusions.

Kind regards

✉ Environment Agency, Bromholme Lane, Brampton, Huntingdon, Cambs. PE28 4NE
☎ Internal: 51906
☎ External: 0203 0251906
environment-agency.gov.uk



From:]
Sent: 19 May 2017 15:06
To: >environment-agency.gov.uk<
Cc:
Subject: screening opinion for Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Bedford

Dear I

Bedford Borough Council has been requested by Bletsoe Parish Council for a screening opinion of their Neighbourhood Plan to determine if a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is required. It has been concluded that an SEA is not required, however under regulation 9 of The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004, the responsible authority must consult the consultation bodies.

Please find attached the screening report from Bedford Borough Council and the submitted information from Bletsoe Parish Council.

Could you please provide your response by 16 June 2017 at the latest.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you require any further information.

Kind regards

Planning Policy

Bedford Borough Council

✉ Room 415, 4th Floor

Borough Hall

Cauldwell Street

Bedford

MK42 9AP

Bedford Borough Council – Working with our partners to make the Borough a better place to live, work and visit.

For up-to-date information on the Council follow us on Twitter: @bedfordtweets

Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/bedfordboroughcouncil/>

All general planning information is available on our website: www.bedford.gov.uk/planning

However, if the information is not available online, you will need to complete a request for advice on our pre-application enquiry form and pay the appropriate fee. Full information of this service and the online enquiry form can be found via this link www.bedford.gov.uk/planningenquiries

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Historic England

EAST OF ENGLAND OFFICE

Bedford Borough Council
Room 415, 4th Floor
Borough Hall
Cauldwell Street
Bedford
MK42 9AP

Direct Dial: 01223 582746

Our ref: PL00098382

14 June 2017

Dear

**Ref: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Strategic Environmental Assessment
Screening Opinion**

Thank you for your email of 19th May 2017, regarding the above consultation. As the Government's adviser on the historic environment Historic England is keen to ensure that the protection of the historic environment is fully taken into account at all stages and levels of the local planning process. Therefore we welcome this opportunity to view Bletsoe Parish Council's Screening Opinion. For the purposes of this consultation, Historic England will confine its advice to the question, "Is it (the neighbourhood plan) likely to have a significant effect on the historic environment?". Our comments are based on the information supplied with the Screening Opinion.

The Bletsoe Neighbourhood Area incorporates a number of designated heritage assets including:

- 23 Listed Buildings, including the Grade II* Listed Bletsoe Castle and Church of St Mary the Virgin and a 21 Grade II listed buildings predominantly located in Bletsoe village
- 1 Scheduled Monument incorporating the moated site and gardens at Bletsoe Castle
- Bletsoe Conservation Area, designated in 2007

There are also likely to be other features of local historic, architectural or archaeological value, and consideration should also be given to the wider historic landscape.

Bletsoe Parish Council Screening Opinion

The Plan documentation provided in your email is accompanied by a request for a formal Screening Opinion from Historic England in compliance the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004. The draft Opinion prepared



24 BROOKLANDS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, CB2 8BU

Telephone 01223 582749
HistoricEngland.org.uk





by Bletsoe Parish Council concludes that Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is not required.

We note that the Plan proposes 3 site allocations and accompanying policies. Of these, Site 685 lies immediately adjacent to the Scheduled Monument and close to the boundary of the Conservation Area. We consider it likely that, despite the relatively small scale nature of the development proposed for this Site, there will be significant effects upon the historic environment as a result. These effects are specifically related to the potential impacts upon the setting of the highly significant Scheduled Monument, the setting of the Bletsoe Conservation Area, and the setting of the Grade II* Listed Church of St Mary the Virgin. In our opinion, although generally rigorous in its approach, the August 2016 'RAG' Assessment of Sites does not appear to give due consideration to these factors when assessing this Site.

We would refer you to our advice on Strategic Environmental Assessment, Sustainability Appraisal and the Historic Environment which can be found here: https://content.historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/strategic-environmental-assessment-sustainability-appraisal-historic-environment/SA_SEA_final.pdf. This advice sets out the factors which need to be considered when assessing whether a Strategic Environmental Assessment or Sustainability Appraisal is required.

Given the likely significant effects (both positive and negative) upon the historic environment, Historic England therefore considers that that a Strategic Environmental Assessment will be required.

I should be pleased if you can send a copy of the determination as required by REG 11 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

Allocation Considerations

We are also concerned that Site 685 lies outside of, and disconnected from, the current Settlement Boundary. Bedford Borough Council's (BBC) Sustainability Appraisal of Sites, published in April 2017, provides an assessment of Site 685 and the other allocations within the neighbourhood area. The Sustainability Appraisal does not present a positive assessment about the suitability of Site 685 and it is suggested that, in addition to the likely significant effects on the historic environment, consideration is given to the content of this assessment with regard to the overall appropriateness of this Site allocation.

We would refer you to Historic England's Advice Note 3: Site allocations in local plans: <https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/historic-environment-and-site-allocations-in-local-plans>, which provides guidance on the allocation of Sites in the context of the historic environment.





Historic England

EAST OF ENGLAND OFFICE

If, however, it is decided to continue with the allocation of this Site, we recommend that some of the wording of BNP Policy 4- Land North of Old Rectory is altered to reflect the great weight that needs to be applied to the conservation of the historic environment. Suitable wording might be:

“A residential development of up to 3 dwellings...will be supported subject to the following criteria:

- *The design and layout conserves or enhances the natural and historic environment, ensuring that it makes a positive contribution to local character and distinctiveness. Particular consideration should be given to the setting of the Bletsoe Castle Scheduled Monument and the setting of Bletsoe Conservation Area. “*

Historic England strongly advises that the conservation and archaeological staff of Bedford Borough Council are closely involved throughout the preparation of the neighbourhood plan and its assessment. They are best placed to advise on; local historic environment issues and priorities, including access to data held in the Historic Environment Record (HER), how the allocation, policy or proposal can be tailored to minimise potential adverse impacts on the historic environment; the nature and design of any required mitigation measures; and opportunities for securing wider benefits for the future conservation and management of heritage assets.

Finally, we should like to stress that this advice is based on the information provided by Bedford Borough Council in your communication of 19th May 2017. To avoid any doubt, this does not reflect our obligation to provide further advice on or, potentially, object to specific proposals which may subsequently arise as a result of the proposed NP, where we consider these would have an adverse effect on the historic environment.

We trust that this letter is helpful. Please do give me a call if you have any queries.

Yours sincerely,

Historic Places Advisor, East of England
@HistoricEngland.org.uk

cc:
Principal, Historic Places Team



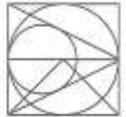
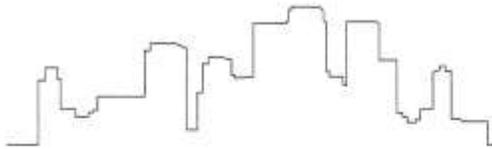
24 BROOKLANDS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, CB2 8BU

Telephone 01223 582749
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BLETSONE NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN SEA REPORT

APPENDIX B Scoping Request



6th February 2018

BLETSOE NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN

STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (SEA) SCOPING LETTER TO STATUTORY BODIES

To:

Historic England
Natural England
Environment Agency
Bedford Borough Council

Dear Sir or Madam,

Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan: Strategic Environmental Assessment Scoping Letter

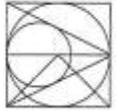
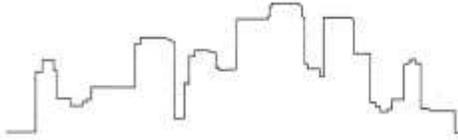
On behalf of Bletsoe Parish Council, I set out below for your attention the proposed scope of the Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) to accompany the forthcoming Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan (BNP).

This letter and its appendices should be regarded as the Scoping Report of the BNP in accordance with Stage A of the provisions of the Environmental Assessment of Plans & Programmes Regulations 2004 (which implement EU Directive 2001/42).

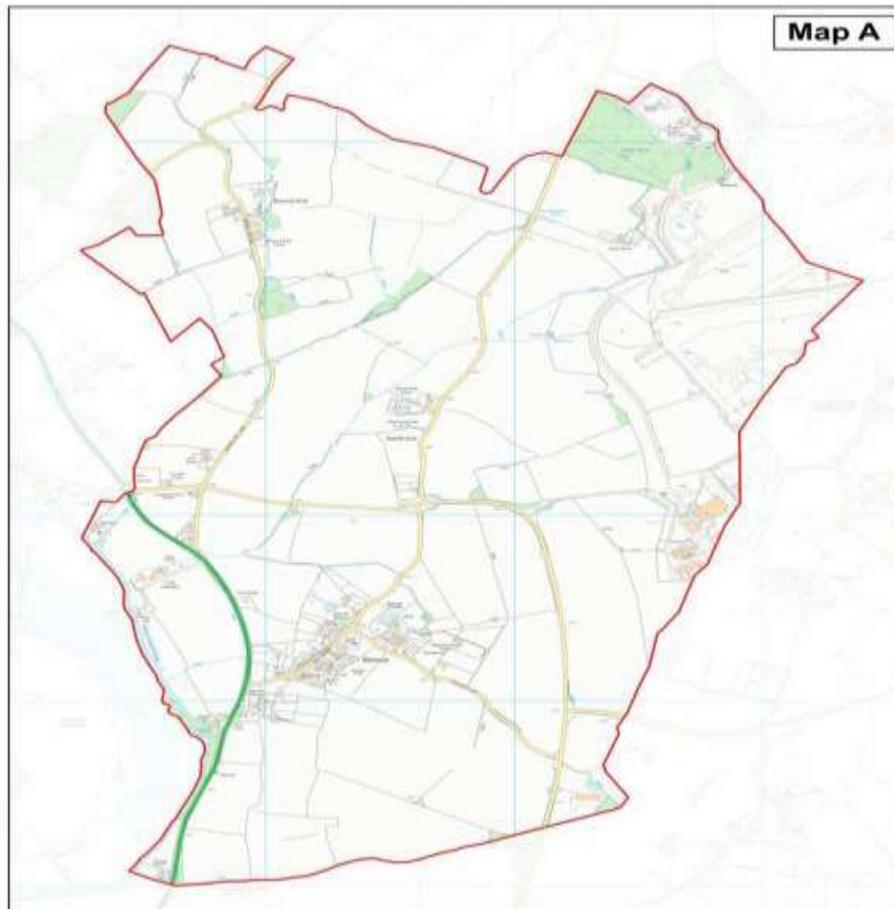
As a statutory consultee in the Regulations you are invited to comment on this report and I would be grateful for your comments by 12 March 2018.

Background

The BNP is being prepared by Bletsoe Parish Council as a qualifying body under the 2012 Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations. Map A below shows the neighbourhood plan area that was designated as a Neighbourhood Plan area by Bedford Borough Council on 1 July 2013. As the local authority, Bedford Borough Council (BBC), has now issued a screening opinion on the draft BNP and it has concluded that an SEA is required. All correspondence is included at Appendix C. The Parish Council is keen to understand the scope of the required SEA.



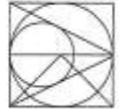
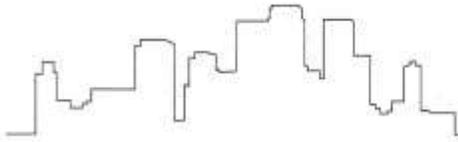
The guidance for undertaking SEA is contained in the Planning Practice Guidance (ID 11-030), which emphasises that it must “only focus on what is needed to assess the likely significant effects of the neighbourhood plan” and on the “environmental impacts that are likely to be significant”. It then states that this “does not need to be done in any more detail, or using more resources, than is considered to be appropriate for the content and level of detail in the neighbourhood plan”.



Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Area

The BNP proposed policies will be focussed on the village rather than the wider rural area of the parish. The local community has already considered its options on how and where these policies may apply through a number of community consultations and events and the initial Issues and Options consultation. Based on the outcome of the consultation a first draft of the BNP has been prepared and the proposed policies within it are considered to be broadly compliant with other relevant development plan policies for the borough as well as the NPPF so as to guide the consideration of planning applications.

The SEA framework will be used to assess the spatial options for distributing small scale development on sites around the village, and assess reasonable alternatives. The conclusions of the SEA will direct the final selection of sites to those locations assessed as the most suitable by taking account of the SEA outcome and view of the local community on the acceptability of the preferred sites bearing in mind the need for the BNP to win a majority vote at a referendum.



At present the BNP proposes the allocation of three small sites which will deliver a total of up to 14 dwellings during the Plan period until 2032. It is already known, through initial community consultation, that to secure public support and to avoid any significant harmful environment effects, the allocated sites will need to be well located in respect of the Conservation Area, which covers a large part of the village, and the many other heritage assets in and beyond that area. Sites will also have to be well served by the road network and be reasonably close to the village core.

The methodology for the scoping assessment is intended to be proportionate to the task of assessing the very modest development proposals of a neighbourhood plan in a relatively small rural area and is broken down into the various stages as set out in the Environmental Assessment of Plans & Programmes Regulations 2004 guidance as listed below.

STAGE A of the SEA process sets the context and the objectives, establishes a baseline and decides on the scope of the assessment.

Stage A1. Identification of relevant plans, policies and programmes. Any existing requirements that need to be taken into account or incorporated into the plan are identified.

Stage A2. Review of baseline information. Data about environmental, social and economic issues is collected, together with an indication as to how this may change in the future without the plan or programme under preparation.

Stage A3. Identification of Sustainability Issues. The review of plans and policies, together with the baseline information are used to identify the key sustainability issues which could impact the plan.

Stage A4. Development of the SEA Framework. The assessment criteria used to assess the impact of the plan or programme.

Stage A5. Identification of initial plan options. Taking into account best practice initial identification of options and reasonable alternatives undertaken.

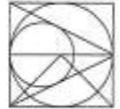
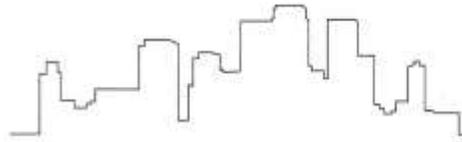
Stage A6. Consultation. On the scope and alternatives for assessment it is necessary to consult statutory consultees, that is Natural England, Historic England and the Environment Agency.

Each of the above stages are summarised below:

Other Plans & Programmes (Stage A1)

The BNP must be able to show that its policies are in general conformity with the strategic policies of the Bedford Borough Council's Development Plan as far as they are relevant having regard to the age of the development plan. The development plan currently comprises:

- Saved Local Plan 2002 policies;
- Saved Minerals and Waste Local Plan 2005 policies;
- The Core Strategy and Rural Issues Plan 2008 (CSRIP);
- Bedford Town Centre Area Action Plan 2008;
- The Allocations and Designations Local Plan 2013 (ADLP);



- The Minerals and Waste Local Plan: Strategic Sites and Policies (2014).

Also relevant is the National Planning Policy Framework (2012) and the Planning Practice Guidance.

BBC have commenced preparation of a new Local Plan, and some of the current adopted Development Plan documents will eventually be superseded by this once adoption has taken place. The Proposed Submission version of the new Local Plan to 2035 is currently going through Regulation 19 consultation procedures and may or may not be adopted prior to the BNP. In this regard, it is clear that the BNP will need to be examined and updated should the adoption of the new local plan come first. In the meantime the BNP will look at the most up-to-date evidence base informing the emerging Local Plan policies and notes that one of the main objectives notes in the delivery of housing is that rural growth is proposed to be delivered through neighbourhood planning.

The parish is surrounded by the rural parishes of Sharnbrook, Riseley, Thurleigh, Milton Ernest and Felmersham. Some of those rural parishes are in the process of preparing neighbourhood plans which may also contain policies that make provision for new development of an appropriate scale and type for its location and that will be broadly consistent with the adopted development plan and the draft Local Plan 2035.

The Proposed Submission version of the Local Plan 2035 includes a proposed allocation for a new settlement at Colworth, just north of Sharnbrook. It is anticipated the new settlement will deliver 4,500 new homes overall, of which an estimated 2,500 will be within the plan period.

In wider terms the scale of development planned for in BNP (and cumulatively by its immediate neighbouring parishes) will be relatively small in comparison to the existing larger nearby settlement of Bedford and in particular the proposed new settlement at Colworth.

Baseline Information (A2)

Local data has been identified and a summary of the baseline information is attached as Appendix A. There are a number of important heritage and natural designations in the parish, to which the BNP will need to have full regard, in particular the conservation area and the Bletsoe Castle, the Scheduled Ancient Monument. There are no other environmental designations that would be affected by the BNP.

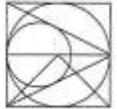
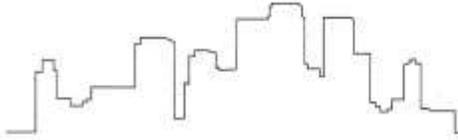
The Parish Council is mindful that it is very difficult in most cases to measure impacts at this local scale as either the data is not reported at this scale and/or the impact is so relatively negligible that it cannot be measured. In which case, the SEA framework will be used to inform judgements on the impact of the proposed policies in relation to any reasonable alternatives there may be.

Sustainability Issues (A3)

Bletsoe is a small village in a rural area therefore no significant sustainability issues are expected other than those common to all rural areas.

Initial consultation with the community has identified some limited small scale development could be acceptable within the village, provided it is of high quality design.

Given the very modest scale of growth planned for in the BNP there are likely to be no material impacts on any designated nature sites or designated heritage assets outside the parish boundary.



Appraisal Framework (A4)

In the light of the context and available data, the Parish Council proposes to establish the following framework of environmental objectives and measures in order to identify any likely significant environmental effects.

The process of any housing site selections will be informed by an analysis of their achievability, availability and acceptability and by an analysis of their suitability when assessed against the spatial policy of the BNP. That policy, and any reasonable alternative options, will be informed by the proposed SEA framework.

The list of SEA objectives are set out below.

Objective 1: Housing

To deliver housing which both sustains the current and meets the future needs of the community

- 1A) Do the policies provide a range of housing types of various sizes and tenures?
- 1B) Do the policies direct new housing to the most appropriate locations?

Objective 2: Landscape and Biodiversity

To protecting and enhance existing and future open spaces

- 2A) Do the policies have regard to the local landscape character, the village setting, the local topography and views to and from the village to the countryside?
- 2B) Do the policies avoid development affecting areas of notable species?

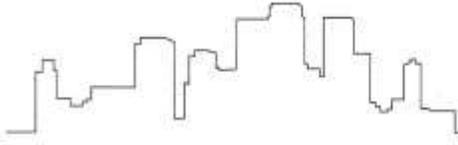
Objective 3: Heritage assets

To protect and enhance listed buildings, ancient monuments and the conservation area

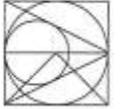
- 3A) Do the policies sustain and enhance the significance of designated heritage assets and their settings, i.e. Listed Buildings, the Conservation Area and archaeological sites?
- 3B) Do the policies sustain and enhance the significance of non-designated heritage assets?

Statutory Consultation (A5)

The conclusions of this consultation will be considered by the Parish Council in finalising the SEA assessment framework. That framework will then inform the formulation of the Pre-Submission BNP and will be set out and employed in the accompanying SEA report. It is expected that draft BNP policies will be formulated and assessed against one or more reasonable alternatives to ensure any significant environmental effects have been identified and any necessary mitigation measures are included in the policies.



Woods Hardwick
Planning

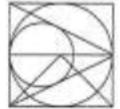
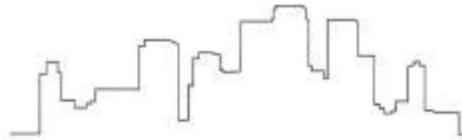


We look forward to hearing from you.

Yours sincerely,

Yours sincerely
WOODS HARDWICK PLANNING LTD

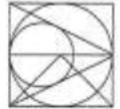
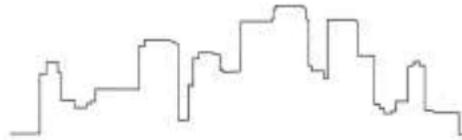
Associate



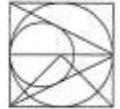
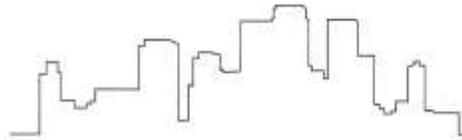
APPENDIX A

Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan: Baseline Data

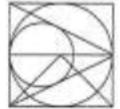
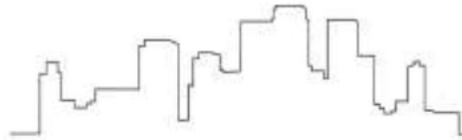
Title	Source	Data	Trends and consequences
Historic Landscape			
<p>Settlement Hierarchy</p> <p>See Map B below</p>	<p>Bedford Borough Council Development Plan.</p>	<p>The settlement of Bletsoe has been identified as a small village Development Plan and as such has been identified as a village that should provide limited growth, in keeping with its character, take account of community-led – planning and to support the provision of services to the wider area.</p> <p>The 2011 census reported a population of 260.</p>	<p>Due to the rural character of the parish, it is important to keep the settlement character. The BNP may allocate sites for development within or adjoining the village of Bletsoe but only of a smaller scale to maintain the position of the village in the hierarchy.</p>
<p>Historic Constraints</p> <p>See Appendix B for list of Listed Buildings and Plan B below for Conservation Area boundary</p>	<p>Bedford Borough Council Development Plan</p>	<p>There are 23 Listed Buildings in Bletsoe including the Church of St Mary the Virgin and Bletsoe Castle both of which are Grade II*.</p> <p>Bletsoe Castle also stands on the site of a Scheduled Ancient Monument comprising a medieval moated manor house and associated 16th -17th century garden enclosure and landscape works.</p> <p>Bletsoe Conservation Area has covers almost all of the village.</p> <p>There are no Registered Parks and Gardens across the parish</p>	<p>The quality, variety and extent of designated heritage assets in Bletsoe are very significant. The BNP must therefore ensure that any new development has full regard to this significance in its choice of development sites and other proposals.</p>



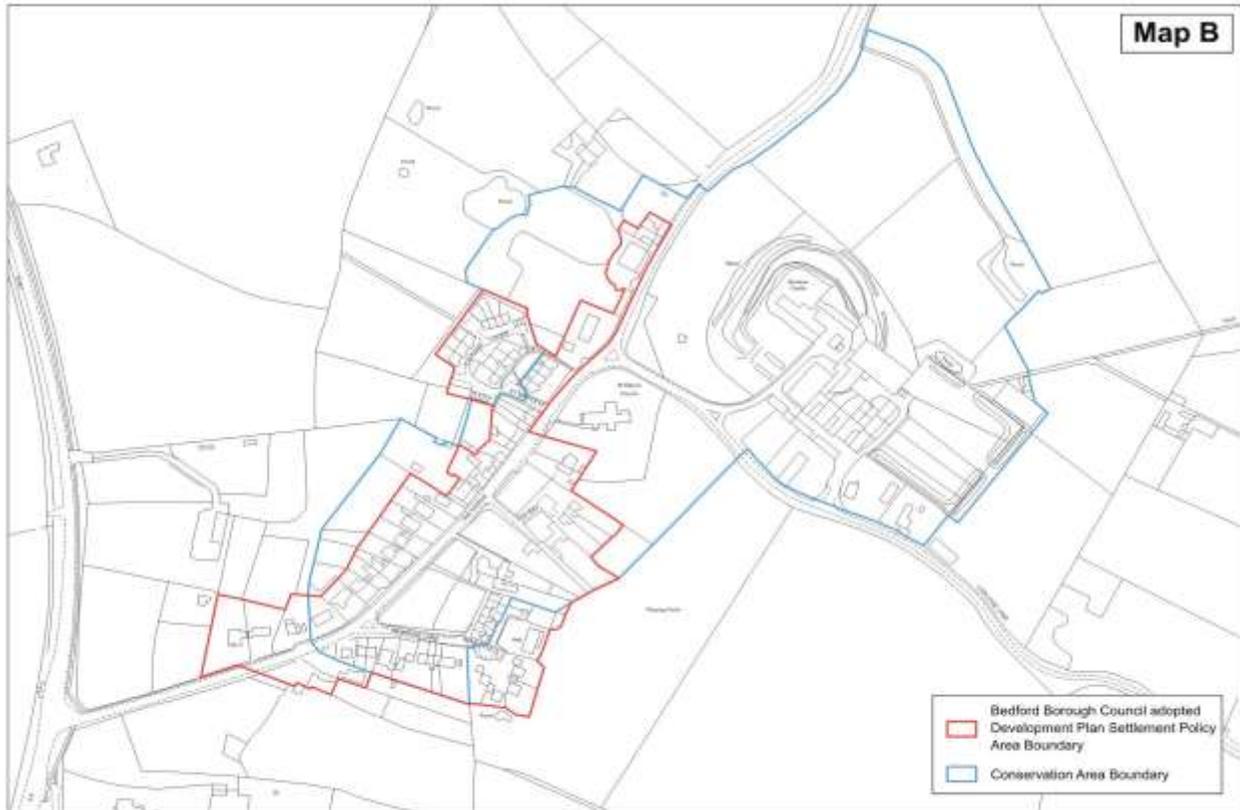
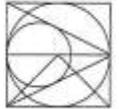
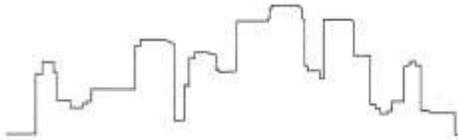
Biodiversity & Environment			
Nature Conservation	MagicMap http://www.natureonthemap.naturalengland.org.uk/MagicMap.aspx	<p>There are some notable woodland sites in and around the village. To the north some way outside the village an area of good quality semi-improved grassland (non-priority) is noted. Within the village two small areas are identified as Priory Habitat Inventory (no main habitat but additional habitat exists) but it is not intended to allocate either of these sites for development.</p>	<p>All of the important sites identified are located some distance from the village itself.</p> <p>The BNP policies and allocations will need to ensure there will be no harmful effects on Biodiversity interests.</p>
	Bedford Borough Development Plan	<p>To the far north of the village there are two County Wildlife Sites, Pippin Wood and Galsey Wood, but are located some distance from the village itself. To the south west of the NP area there is also a small County Wildlife Site along the roadside of Thurleigh Road. Just beyond the NP area to the west along the Upper Great Ouse River Valley there is a further County Wildlife Site. This area is also designated as a Green Infrastructure Opportunity Area.</p> <p>There are also a number of Tree Preservation Orders (TPOs) that are located within the village in Castle Barns at Coplowe Lane and The Avenue.</p> <p>There are no European designated Sites such as SAC, SPA or Ramsar in the parish.</p>	



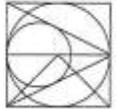
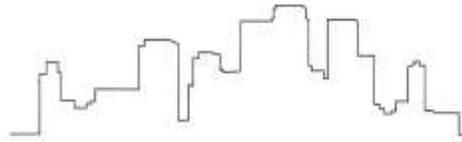
		<p>There are no SSSI, SINC sites, Ancient Woodland in the parish.</p> <p>A small part of the NP area, to the west and beyond the village is noted as a Mineral Safeguarding Area comprising Cornbrash Limestone and River Valley/Glacial Sand and Gravel.</p>	
Landscape Character	<p>Natural England NCA Profiles</p> <p>Bedford Borough Landscape Character Assessment (LCA) 2014</p>	<p>Bletsoe Parish, and all of the land surrounding the village, falls into one overall character type: NCA Profile: 88 Bedfordshire and Cambridgeshire Claylands.</p> <p>The majority of Bletsoe parish falls within local landscape character area 2B Wooded Wolds (Bedford Borough LCA 2014). The landscape strategy for this area is to conserve the rural landscape and rolling arable farmland.</p>	<p>The character of the landscape is regarded rural and the local topography and the setting of the Conservation Area requires careful consideration by the BNP in selecting development sites.</p>



Flooding			
Surface Water Flooding and Floodplains	Bedford Borough Development Plan. Environment Agency Flood Maps	<p>To the north of the parish, along the banks of watercourse, a small area of the Parish falls within flood zones 2 and 3. This is however far away from the village and the majority of residential areas.</p> <p>There is no evidence of surface water flooding in the village itself.</p> <p>There is no evidence of any landfill sites within Bletsoe parish.</p>	<p>The presence of flood risk in this location does not affect the selection sites in the BNP to avoid selectin development sites in these areas. However, the BNP must make provision in its policies for development proposals to effectively demonstrate they can mitigate the risk of flooding without having adverse effects on surrounding areas.</p>
Traffic			
Roads & Local Services	Bletsoe Parish Council website. Bedford Borough Development Plan.	<p>The A6 cuts through the Parish along which some village services are located, notably at The Falcon PH. Bedford and Rushden are the nearest large settlements where there are significant services and facilities. Day to day facilities are available in neighbouring larger villages of Sharnbrook, Oakley and Clapham.</p>	<p>The road through the village can be busy at peak periods with commuters and the school run and drivers using the village as a short cut to the A6. Some old properties do not have on plot parking leading to street parking which adds to congestion.</p> <p>All other roads in the village are narrow and rural in character, with many heritage assets set close to the highway. The BNP will need to take care in selecting development sites to ensure additional traffic and parking is accommodated.</p>



Map B: Settlement Boundary and Policy Area & Conservation Area

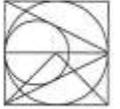
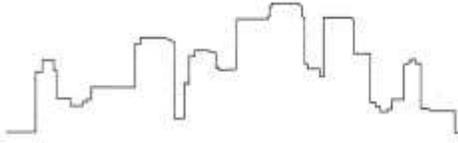


APPENDIX B

Bletsoe Listed Buildings

- 36 The Avenue, Grade II listed
- 46-52 The Avenue, Grade II listed
- The Old School and School House, Grade II listed
- Bletsoe Castle, Coplowe Lane, Grade II* listed
- Pixie Cottage, 9 Memorial Lane, Grade II listed
- The Falcon Inn, Milton Road (A6), Grade II listed
- North End Farmhouse, North End, Grade II listed
- Gilbert's Cottage, North End, Grade II listed
- 1 Oldway, Grade II listed
- Bletsoe Park Farm, Grade II listed
- 44 The Avenue, Grade II listed
- 54-62 The Avenue, Grade II listed
- Old Pear Tree Cottage, The Avenue, Grade II listed
- Church of St Mary the Virgin, The Avenue, Grade II* listed
- 1-6 Top Row, Grade II listed
- Bridge over Bletsoe Castle Moat, Coplowe Lane, Grade II listed
- Bletsoe Cottage, Milton Road (A6), Grade II listed
- North End Farm Cottages, North End, Grade II listed
- 2 & 3 Oldway, Grade II listed
- 38 & 42 The Avenue, Grade II listed
- The Old Rectory, The Avenue, Grade II listed
- Barn at Bletsoe Castle Farm, Coplowe Lane, Grade II listed
- 15 & 17 Memorial Lane, Grade II listed

Source: www.HistoricEngland.org.uk



APPENDIX C

Screening Opinion Correspondence with Bedford Borough Council



Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd
15-17 Goldington Road
Bedford
MK40 3NH

Please ask

for:

Direct line:

E-mail:

Fax no:

Your ref:

Our ref:

Date: 4 July 2017

Determination for the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan

Dear

I refer to your recent request for a screening opinion for the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment for the Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan. This determination is based on the submitted information which included the draft Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan, appendices and the site assessment report. In accordance with regulation 9 of The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 a screening opinion has been carried out.

As part of the duty under the regulations, our determination has been informed by the responses (attached to this letter) from the following statutory bodies:

- Natural England
- Historic England
- Environment Agency

As a result of this screening and consultation, it has been determined that a Strategic Environmental Assessment is required based on the submitted documentation.

As outlined in the attached letter from Historic England, the main area of their concern is the Land North of the Old Rectory which is outlined in BNP Policy 4. The Neighbourhood Plan group may wish to revisit this policy to address the concerns of Historic England. If the draft plan is to continue as submitted, then a Strategic Environmental Assessment is required. Alternatively, if this site was removed, then this may change the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment, but a further request for screening will be required.

If you would like to discuss this further, please contact Sonia Gallaher (details above).

Yours sincerely



Service Manager Planning Policy and Housing Strategy

Attachments

Advice from Historic England

Advice from Natural England

Advice from Environment Agency

cc – Clerk to Bletsoe Parish Council

Date: 21 June 2017
Our ref: 216295
Your ref: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan



Bedford Borough Council
Room 415, 4th Floor
Borough Hall
Cauldwell Street
Bedford
MK42 9AP

Hornbeam House
Crewe Business Park
Electra Way
Crewe
Cheshire
CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

BY EMAIL ONLY

Dear _____,

Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 19/05/2017.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Natural England is a statutory consultee in neighbourhood planning and must be consulted on draft neighbourhood development plans by the Parish/Town Councils or Neighbourhood Forums where they consider our interests would be affected by the proposals made.

On the basis of the material supplied with the consultation, that, in so far as our strategic environmental interests are concerned (including but not limited to statutory designated sites, landscapes and protected species, geology and soils) are concerned, that there are unlikely to be significant environmental effects from the proposed plan.

However, we refer you to the attached annex which covers the issues and opportunities that should be considered when preparing a Neighbourhood Plan.

For clarification of any points in this letter, or any further consultations on your plan, please contact: consultations@naturalengland.org.uk.

We really value your feedback to help us improve the service we offer. We have attached a feedback form to this letter and welcome any comments you might have about our service.

Yours sincerely,

Consultations Team

Annex 1 - Neighbourhood planning and the natural environment: information, issues and opportunities

Natural environment information sources

The [Magic](#)¹ website will provide you with much of the nationally held natural environment data for your plan area. The most relevant layers for you to consider are: **Agricultural Land Classification, Ancient Woodland, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, Local Nature Reserves, National Parks (England), National Trails, Priority Habitat Inventory, public rights of way (on the Ordnance Survey base map) and Sites of Special Scientific Interest (including their impact risk zones)**. Local environmental record centres may hold a range of additional information on the natural environment. A list of local record centres is available [here](#)².

Priority habitats are those habitats of particular importance for nature conservation, and the list of them can be found [here](#)³. Most of these will be mapped either as **Sites of Special Scientific Interest**, on the Magic website or as **Local Wildlife Sites**. Your local planning authority should be able to supply you with the locations of Local Wildlife Sites.

National Character Areas (NCAs) divide England into 159 distinct natural areas. Each character area is defined by a unique combination of landscape, biodiversity, geodiversity and cultural and economic activity. NCA profiles contain descriptions of the area and statements of environmental opportunity, which may be useful to inform proposals in your plan. NCA information can be found [here](#)⁴.

There may also be a local **landscape character assessment** covering your area. This is a tool to help understand the character and local distinctiveness of the landscape and identify the features that give it a sense of place. It can help to inform, plan and manage change in the area. Your local planning authority should be able to help you access these if you can't find them online.

If your neighbourhood planning area is within or adjacent to a **National Park** or **Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)**, the relevant National Park/AONB Management Plan for the area will set out useful information about the protected landscape. You can access the plans on from the relevant National Park Authority or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty website.

General mapped information on **soil types** and **Agricultural Land Classification** is available (under 'landscape') on the [Magic](#)⁵ website and also from the [LandIS website](#)⁶, which contains more information about obtaining soil data.

Natural environment issues to consider

The [National Planning Policy Framework](#)⁷ sets out national planning policy on protecting and enhancing the natural environment. [Planning Practice Guidance](#)⁸ sets out supporting guidance.

Your local planning authority should be able to provide you with further advice on the potential impacts of your plan or order on the natural environment and the need for any environmental assessments.

Landscape

¹ <http://magic.defra.gov.uk/>

² <http://www.nbn-nfbr.org.uk/nfbr.php>

³ <http://web.archive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

⁴ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-character-area-profiles-data-for-local-decision-making>

⁵ <http://magic.defra.gov.uk/>

⁶ <http://www.landis.org.uk/index.cfm>

⁷ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework--2>

⁸ <http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/natural-environment/>

Your plans or orders may present opportunities to protect and enhance locally valued landscapes. You may want to consider identifying distinctive local landscape features or characteristics such as ponds, woodland or dry stone walls and think about how any new development proposals can respect and enhance local landscape character and distinctiveness.

If you are proposing development within or close to a protected landscape (National Park or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty) or other sensitive location, we recommend that you carry out a landscape assessment of the proposal. Landscape assessments can help you to choose the most appropriate sites for development and help to avoid or minimise impacts of development on the landscape through careful siting, design and landscaping.

Wildlife habitats

Some proposals can have adverse impacts on designated wildlife sites or other priority habitats (listed [here](#)⁹), such as Sites of Special Scientific Interest or [Ancient woodland](#)¹⁰. If there are likely to be any adverse impacts you'll need to think about how such impacts can be avoided, mitigated or, as a last resort, compensated for.

Priority and protected species

You'll also want to consider whether any proposals might affect priority species (listed [here](#)¹¹) or protected species. To help you do this, Natural England has produced advice [here](#)¹² to help understand the impact of particular developments on protected species.

Best and Most Versatile Agricultural Land

Soil is a finite resource that fulfils many important functions and services for society. It is a growing medium for food, timber and other crops, a store for carbon and water, a reservoir of biodiversity and a buffer against pollution. If you are proposing development, you should seek to use areas of poorer quality agricultural land in preference to that of a higher quality in line with National Planning Policy Framework para 112. For more information, see our publication [Agricultural Land Classification: protecting the best and most versatile agricultural land](#)¹³.

Improving your natural environment

Your plan or order can offer exciting opportunities to enhance your local environment. If you are setting out policies on new development or proposing sites for development, you may wish to consider identifying what environmental features you want to be retained or enhanced or new features you would like to see created as part of any new development. Examples might include:

- Providing a new footpath through the new development to link into existing rights of way.
- Restoring a neglected hedgerow.
- Creating a new pond as an attractive feature on the site.
- Planting trees characteristic to the local area to make a positive contribution to the local landscape.
- Using native plants in landscaping schemes for better nectar and seed sources for bees and birds.
- Incorporating swift boxes or bat boxes into the design of new buildings.
- Think about how lighting can be best managed to encourage wildlife.
- Adding a green roof to new buildings.

You may also want to consider enhancing your local area in other ways, for example by:

⁹<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

¹⁰<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ancient-woodland-and-veteran-trees-protection-surveys-licences>

¹¹<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

¹²<https://www.gov.uk/protected-species-and-sites-how-to-review-planning-proposals>

¹³<http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/publication/35012>

- Setting out in your plan how you would like to implement elements of a wider Green Infrastructure Strategy (if one exists) in your community.
- Assessing needs for accessible greenspace and setting out proposals to address any deficiencies or enhance provision.
- Identifying green areas of particular importance for special protection through Local Green Space designation (see [Planning Practice Guidance on this](#)¹⁴).
- Managing existing (and new) public spaces to be more wildlife friendly (e.g. by sowing wild flower strips in less used parts of parks, changing hedge cutting timings and frequency).
- Planting additional street trees.
- Identifying any improvements to the existing public right of way network, e.g. cutting back hedges, improving the surface, clearing litter or installing kissing gates) or extending the network to create missing links.
- Restoring neglected environmental features (e.g. coppicing a prominent hedge that is in poor condition, or clearing away an eyesore).

¹⁴ <http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/open-space-sports-and-recreation-facilities-public-rights-of-way-and-local-green-space/local-green-space-designation/>

From:
Sent: 22 May 2017 13:21
To:
Cc:
Subject: RE: screening opinion for Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Bedford

Follow Up Flag: Follow up
Flag Status: Flagged

Dear

We agree with your conclusions.

Kind regards

✉ Environment Agency, Bromholme Lane, Brampton, Huntingdon, Cambs. PE28 4NE
☎ Internal: 51906
☎ External: 0203 0251906
environment-agency.gov.uk



From:]
Sent: 19 May 2017 15:06
To: environment-agency.gov.uk>
Cc:
Subject: screening opinion for Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Bedford

Dear I

Bedford Borough Council has been requested by Bletsoe Parish Council for a screening opinion of their Neighbourhood Plan to determine if a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is required. It has been concluded that an SEA is not required, however under regulation 9 of The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004, the responsible authority must consult the consultation bodies.

Please find attached the screening report from Bedford Borough Council and the submitted information from Bletsoe Parish Council.

Could you please provide your response by 16 June 2017 at the latest.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you require any further information.

Kind regards

Planning Policy

Bedford Borough Council

✉ Room 415, 4th Floor

Borough Hall

Caldwell Street

Bedford

MK42 9AP

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Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/bedfordboroughcouncil/>

All general planning information is available on our website: www.bedford.gov.uk/planning

However, if the information is not available online, you will need to complete a request for advice on our pre-application enquiry form and pay the appropriate fee. Full information of this service and the online enquiry form can be found via this link www.bedford.gov.uk/planningenquiries

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Historic England

EAST OF ENGLAND OFFICE

Bedford Borough Council
Room 415, 4th Floor
Borough Hall
Cauldwell Street
Bedford
MK42 9AP

Direct Dial: 01223 582746

Our ref: PL00098382

14 June 2017

Dear

**Ref: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Strategic Environmental Assessment
Screening Opinion**

Thank you for your email of 19th May 2017, regarding the above consultation. As the Government's adviser on the historic environment Historic England is keen to ensure that the protection of the historic environment is fully taken into account at all stages and levels of the local planning process. Therefore we welcome this opportunity to view Bletsoe Parish Council's Screening Opinion. For the purposes of this consultation, Historic England will confine its advice to the question, "Is it (the neighbourhood plan) likely to have a significant effect on the historic environment?". Our comments are based on the information supplied with the Screening Opinion.

The Bletsoe Neighbourhood Area incorporates a number of designated heritage assets including:

- 23 Listed Buildings, including the Grade II* Listed Bletsoe Castle and Church of St Mary the Virgin and a 21 Grade II listed buildings predominantly located in Bletsoe village
- 1 Scheduled Monument incorporating the moated site and gardens at Bletsoe Castle
- Bletsoe Conservation Area, designated in 2007

There are also likely to be other features of local historic, architectural or archaeological value, and consideration should also be given to the wider historic landscape.

Bletsoe Parish Council Screening Opinion

The Plan documentation provided in your email is accompanied by a request for a formal Screening Opinion from Historic England in compliance the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004. The draft Opinion prepared



24 BROOKLANDS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, CB2 8BU

Telephone 01223 582749
HistoricEngland.org.uk





by Bletsoe Parish Council concludes that Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is not required.

We note that the Plan proposes 3 site allocations and accompanying policies. Of these, Site 685 lies immediately adjacent to the Scheduled Monument and close to the boundary of the Conservation Area. We consider it likely that, despite the relatively small scale nature of the development proposed for this Site, there will be significant effects upon the historic environment as a result. These effects are specifically related to the potential impacts upon the setting of the highly significant Scheduled Monument, the setting of the Bletsoe Conservation Area, and the setting of the Grade II* Listed Church of St Mary the Virgin. In our opinion, although generally rigorous in its approach, the August 2016 'RAG' Assessment of Sites does not appear to give due consideration to these factors when assessing this Site.

We would refer you to our advice on Strategic Environmental Assessment, Sustainability Appraisal and the Historic Environment which can be found here: https://content.historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/strategic-environmental-assessment-sustainability-appraisal-historic-environment/SA_SEA_final.pdf. This advice sets out the factors which need to be considered when assessing whether a Strategic Environmental Assessment or Sustainability Appraisal is required.

Given the likely significant effects (both positive and negative) upon the historic environment, Historic England therefore considers that that a Strategic Environmental Assessment will be required.

I should be pleased if you can send a copy of the determination as required by REG 11 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

Allocation Considerations

We are also concerned that Site 685 lies outside of, and disconnected from, the current Settlement Boundary. Bedford Borough Council's (BBC) Sustainability Appraisal of Sites, published in April 2017, provides an assessment of Site 685 and the other allocations within the neighbourhood area. The Sustainability Appraisal does not present a positive assessment about the suitability of Site 685 and it is suggested that, in addition to the likely significant effects on the historic environment, consideration is given to the content of this assessment with regard to the overall appropriateness of this Site allocation.

We would refer you to Historic England's Advice Note 3: Site allocations in local plans: <https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/historic-environment-and-site-allocations-in-local-plans>, which provides guidance on the allocation of Sites in the context of the historic environment.





Historic England

EAST OF ENGLAND OFFICE

If, however, it is decided to continue with the allocation of this Site, we recommend that some of the wording of BNP Policy 4- Land North of Old Rectory is altered to reflect the great weight that needs to be applied to the conservation of the historic environment. Suitable wording might be:

“A residential development of up to 3 dwellings...will be supported subject to the following criteria:

- *The design and layout conserves or enhances the natural and historic environment, ensuring that it makes a positive contribution to local character and distinctiveness. Particular consideration should be given to the setting of the Bletsoe Castle Scheduled Monument and the setting of Bletsoe Conservation Area. “*

Historic England strongly advises that the conservation and archaeological staff of Bedford Borough Council are closely involved throughout the preparation of the neighbourhood plan and its assessment. They are best placed to advise on; local historic environment issues and priorities, including access to data held in the Historic Environment Record (HER), how the allocation, policy or proposal can be tailored to minimise potential adverse impacts on the historic environment; the nature and design of any required mitigation measures; and opportunities for securing wider benefits for the future conservation and management of heritage assets.

Finally, we should like to stress that this advice is based on the information provided by Bedford Borough Council in your communication of 19th May 2017. To avoid any doubt, this does not reflect our obligation to provide further advice on or, potentially, object to specific proposals which may subsequently arise as a result of the proposed NP, where we consider these would have an adverse effect on the historic environment.

We trust that this letter is helpful. Please do give me a call if you have any queries.

Yours sincerely,

@HistoricEngland.org.uk

cc:

Principal, Historic Places Team



24 BROOKLANDS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, CB2 8BU

Telephone 01223 582749

HistoricEngland.org.uk



BLETSONE NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN SEA REPORT

APPENDIX C Scoping Request Response

Samantha Boyd

From: @environment-agency.gov.uk>
Sent: 20 March 2018 11:20
To:
Subject: RE: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion Letter

Hi

Apologies. I thought I had responded.

We have no comment to make.

Kind regards

✉ Environment Agency, Bromholme Lane, Brampton, Huntingdon, Cambs. PE28 4NE
☎ Internal: 51906
☎ External: 0203 0251906



Does Your Proposal Have Environmental Issues or Opportunities? Speak To Us Early!

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Please note – Our hourly charge will rise to £100 per hour from 1st April 2018.

From: @WoodsHardwick.com]
Sent: 20 March 2018 10:55
To: @environment-agency.gov.uk>
Subject: RE: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion Letter

Hi

We have not received a response from the EA on the Scoping Opinion. Please can you provide your response as a matter of urgency.

Kind regards,
For and on behalf of Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd

Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd
15-17 Goldington Road
Bedford
MK40 3NH

Tel: 01234 268862
Mob:07469 143908

www.woodshardwick.com

From:
Sent: 06 February 2018 10:08
To:

Subject: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion Letter

Dear All,

On behalf of Bletsoe Parish Council, please find attached a Scoping Letter for your comments in relation to Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan following the results of the Screening Opinion where it was concluded that SEA is required.

Bletsoe SEA must be undertaken within a tight timescale (31 March 2018) in order to receive the necessary funding, therefore we would appreciate your comments by the Scoping deadline of 12 March 2018.

Kind regards,
For and on behalf of Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd

Associate Planner

Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd
15-17 Goldington Road
Bedford
MK40 3NH

Tel: 01234 268862
Mob:07469 143908

www.woodshardwick.com



Woods Hardwick
Architects, Engineers and Development Consultants

Bedford Head Office: 15-17 Goldington Road, Bedford, MK40 3NH United Kingdom | T: +(44)1234 268862 | F: +(44)1234 353034

Birmingham Office: Fort Dunlop, Fort Parkway, Birmingham B24 9FE United Kingdom | T: +(44)121 6297784

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From: @bedford.gov.uk>
Sent: 13 March 2018 13:30
To:
Subject: RE: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion Letter

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We have no comments on the scoping opinion letter.

Many thanks

Planning Policy

Bedford Borough Council

✉ Room 415, 4th Floor

Borough Hall

Cauldwell Street

Bedford

MK42 9AP

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From: WoodsHardwick.com]
Sent: 13 March 2018 12:39
To: environment-agency.gov.uk
Subject: RE: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion Letter

Hi

Please could we have your comments on the Scope of the SEA.

Kind regards,
For and on behalf of Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd

Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd
15-17 Goldington Road
Bedford
MK40 3NH

Tel: 01234 268862
Mob:07469 143908

www.woodshardwick.com

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Sent: 06 February 2018 10:08
To:

Subject: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion Letter

Dear All,

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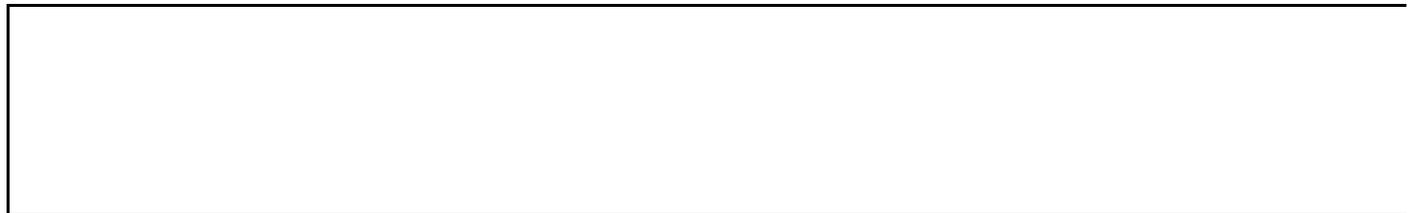
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For and on behalf of Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd

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Date: 14 February 2018
Our ref: 238222
Your ref: Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion



Hornbeam House
Crewe Business Park
Electra Way
Crewe
Cheshire
CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

BY EMAIL ONLY

Dear

Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Scoping Opinion

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 06 February 2018

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Natural England is a statutory consultee in neighbourhood planning and must be consulted on draft neighbourhood development plans by the Parish/Town Councils or Neighbourhood Forums where they consider our interests would be affected by the proposals made..

Natural England does not have any specific comments on this draft neighbourhood plan.

However, we refer you to the attached annex which covers the issues and opportunities that should be considered when preparing a Neighbourhood Plan.

For clarification of any points in this letter, please contact . For any further consultations on your plan, please contact: consultations@naturalengland.org.uk.

Yours sincerely

Consultations Team

Annex 1 - Neighbourhood planning and the natural environment: information, issues and opportunities

Natural environment information sources

The [Magic](#)¹ website will provide you with much of the nationally held natural environment data for your plan area. The most relevant layers for you to consider are: **Agricultural Land Classification, Ancient Woodland, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, Local Nature Reserves, National Parks (England), National Trails, Priority Habitat Inventory, public rights of way (on the Ordnance Survey base map) and Sites of Special Scientific Interest (including their impact risk zones)**. Local environmental record centres may hold a range of additional information on the natural environment. A list of local record centres is available [here](#)².

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Landscape

¹ <http://magic.defra.gov.uk/>

² <http://www.nbn-nfbr.org.uk/nfbr.php>

³ <http://web.archive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

⁴ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-character-area-profiles-data-for-local-decision-making>

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⁶ <http://www.landis.org.uk/index.cfm>

⁷ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework--2>

⁸ <http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/natural-environment/>

Your plans or orders may present opportunities to protect and enhance locally valued landscapes. You may want to consider identifying distinctive local landscape features or characteristics such as ponds, woodland or dry stone walls and think about how any new development proposals can respect and enhance local landscape character and distinctiveness.

If you are proposing development within or close to a protected landscape (National Park or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty) or other sensitive location, we recommend that you carry out a landscape assessment of the proposal. Landscape assessments can help you to choose the most appropriate sites for development and help to avoid or minimise impacts of development on the landscape through careful siting, design and landscaping.

Wildlife habitats

Some proposals can have adverse impacts on designated wildlife sites or other priority habitats (listed [here](#)⁹), such as Sites of Special Scientific Interest or [Ancient woodland](#)¹⁰. If there are likely to be any adverse impacts you'll need to think about how such impacts can be avoided, mitigated or, as a last resort, compensated for.

Priority and protected species

You'll also want to consider whether any proposals might affect priority species (listed [here](#)¹¹) or protected species. To help you do this, Natural England has produced advice [here](#)¹² to help understand the impact of particular developments on protected species.

Best and Most Versatile Agricultural Land

Soil is a finite resource that fulfils many important functions and services for society. It is a growing medium for food, timber and other crops, a store for carbon and water, a reservoir of biodiversity and a buffer against pollution. If you are proposing development, you should seek to use areas of poorer quality agricultural land in preference to that of a higher quality in line with National Planning Policy Framework para 112. For more information, see our publication [Agricultural Land Classification: protecting the best and most versatile agricultural land](#)¹³.

Improving your natural environment

Your plan or order can offer exciting opportunities to enhance your local environment. If you are setting out policies on new development or proposing sites for development, you may wish to consider identifying what environmental features you want to be retained or enhanced or new features you would like to see created as part of any new development. Examples might include:

- Providing a new footpath through the new development to link into existing rights of way.
- Restoring a neglected hedgerow.
- Creating a new pond as an attractive feature on the site.
- Planting trees characteristic to the local area to make a positive contribution to the local landscape.
- Using native plants in landscaping schemes for better nectar and seed sources for bees and birds.
- Incorporating swift boxes or bat boxes into the design of new buildings.
- Think about how lighting can be best managed to encourage wildlife.
- Adding a green roof to new buildings.

You may also want to consider enhancing your local area in other ways, for example by:

⁹<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

¹⁰ <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ancient-woodland-and-veteran-trees-protection-surveys-licences>

¹¹<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx>

¹² <https://www.gov.uk/protected-species-and-sites-how-to-review-planning-proposals>

¹³ <http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/publication/35012>

- Setting out in your plan how you would like to implement elements of a wider Green Infrastructure Strategy (if one exists) in your community.
- Assessing needs for accessible greenspace and setting out proposals to address any deficiencies or enhance provision.
- Identifying green areas of particular importance for special protection through Local Green Space designation (see [Planning Practice Guidance on this](#) ¹⁴).
- Managing existing (and new) public spaces to be more wildlife friendly (e.g. by sowing wild flower strips in less used parts of parks, changing hedge cutting timings and frequency).
- Planting additional street trees.
- Identifying any improvements to the existing public right of way network, e.g. cutting back hedges, improving the surface, clearing litter or installing kissing gates) or extending the network to create missing links.
- Restoring neglected environmental features (e.g. coppicing a prominent hedge that is in poor condition, or clearing away an eyesore).

¹⁴ <http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/open-space-sports-and-recreation-facilities-public-rights-of-way-and-local-green-space/local-green-space-designation/>

Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd
15-17 Goldington Road
Bedford
Bedfordshire
MK40 3NH

Direct Dial: 01223 582746

Our ref: PL00098382

9 March 2018

Dear

Ref: Scoping Opinion for Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Strategic Environmental Assessment

Thank you for your email requesting a scoping opinion for the Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan Strategic Environmental Assessment. As the Government's adviser on the historic environment Historic England is keen to ensure that the protection of the historic environment is fully taken into account at all stages and levels of the local and neighbourhood planning process. Therefore we welcome this opportunity to review the Scoping Letter by Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd, and provide our comments below.

In the first instance, we would refer you to the guidance in Historic England Advice Note 8: *Sustainability Appraisal and Strategic Environmental Assessment*, which can be found here: [<https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/sustainability-appraisal-and-strategic-environmental-assessment-advice-note-8/>](https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/sustainability-appraisal-and-strategic-environmental-assessment-advice-note-8/)

This advice sets out the historic environment factors which need to be considered during the Strategic Environmental Assessment or Sustainability Appraisal process, and our recommendations for information you may need to include.

We are pleased to note inclusion of the historic environment as a consideration throughout the scoping letter, as well as the stated intention to use the most up to date evidence possible. We are agreed that there are unlikely to be any effects on heritage assets outside the parish boundary.

We note the use of 'ancient monument' and 'scheduled ancient monument' in the scoping letter. With regard to terminology, the generally accepted modern usage is "Scheduled Monument" rather than "Scheduled Ancient Monument". This reflects the fact that many monuments are not ancient, but also would make sure the SEA is in line with the terminology found in the National Planning Policy Framework.

The conservation and enhancement of the historic environment, is a core planning principle, as set out in paragraph 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (the



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EAST OF ENGLAND OFFICE

Framework). We therefore positively welcome Objective 3: Heritage Assets, but suggest that its title is changed to 'Historic Environment' - again to reflect the terminology found in the Framework.

We would also suggest that the source of information for designated heritage assets, in addition to Bedford Borough Council with relation to the conservation area, is the National Heritage List, which can be accessed via our website. We suggest also that, given the significance of the historic environment in Bletsoe as identified in the Scoping Letter, more information on the non-designated below ground archaeology in the parish could be included if considered appropriate. This can either be obtained from the Bedfordshire Historic Environment Record, or via the Heritage Gateway <<http://www.heritagegateway.org.uk/gateway/>>.

Excepting these minor points, therefore, we are content with the proposed scope of the SEA for Bletsoe Neighbourhood Plan.

If you have any further questions, please contact the Historic Places Team who can be reached on 01223 582749.

Yours sincerely,

Historic Places Advisor, East of England



24 BROOKLANDS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, CB2 8BU

Telephone 01223 582749
HistoricEngland.org.uk



From: HistoricEngland.org.uk>
Sent: 13 March 2018 15:46
To:
Subject: RE: Historic England advice on case PL00098382

Dear

Thank you for your email. That is entirely reasonable, and I am certainly happy with that provision, yes. I think the only suggestion I would have is that where adverse impacts are unavoidable, the policy should include provision for requiring a programme of archaeological investigation, subject to agreement with the local authority planning archaeologist.

I hope that helps, but please contact me if you have any other queries on this or any other matter.

Kind regards,

Historic Places Adviser
Planning Group | East of England
Historic England

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www.historicengland.org.uk

Twitter: @HE_EoE

For the first time ever, you can now share your knowledge and photos on the nation's list of historic buildings and places www.historicengland.org.uk/ETL #ListEngland

-----Original Message-----

From: WoodsHardwick.com]
Sent: 13 March 2018 10:57
To:
Subject: RE: Historic England advice on case PL00098382

Thank you for your comments. We note your suggestion that more information on the non-designated below ground archaeology in the parish could be included if considered appropriate. Bletsoe is a very small parish and the Parish Council do not have the budget to employ a heritage consultation to provide such detailed and specialist information. Therefore would you consider it appropriate to include a section in each of the site allocation policies that requires developers to demonstrate there would be no adverse impact on archaeological interests.

Kind regards,
For and on behalf of Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd

Woods Hardwick Planning Ltd
15-17 Goldington Road
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Tel: 01234 268862
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-----Original Message-----

From:
Sent: 09 March 2018 18:59
To:
Cc:
Subject: Historic England advice on case PL00098382

Dear

I am writing in relation to the following:

SEA/SA/IIA: Strategic Environmental Assessment/ Sustainability Appraisal/ Integrated Impact Assessment SEA of Bletsoe Parish Council Neighbourhood Plan, Bedford Borough Council [Case Ref. PL00098382; HE File Ref. ; Your Reference.]

Thank you for consulting Historic England about the above consultation. I apologise that we were not able to respond sooner, but please find the response attached. Please contact me if you have any queries.

Yours Sincerely

Historic Places Advisor, East of England

We help people understand, enjoy and value the historic environment, and protect it for the future. Historic England is a public body, and we champion everyone's heritage, across England.

We have moved! Our new London office is at 4th Floor, Cannon Bridge House, 25 Dowgate Hill, London, EC4R 2YA.

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